

SRIPAT SINGH COLLEGE

(Estd. 1949 Govt. Sponsored)

P.O. Jiaganj, Dist. Murshidabad, West Bengal, PIN-742123

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ACADEMIC CALENDAR SESSION: January'25-June'25 Even Semester (II+IV+VI) Stream: Science Distribution of Courses

SI.	Торіс	Page No.
1.	Introduction	01
2.	Department of Physics	02-17
3.	Department of Mathematics	18-21
4.	Department of Chemistry	22-44
5.	Department of Botany	45-60
6.	Department of Zoology	61-66
7.	Department of Molecular Biology and Bio Technology	67-83
8.	Department of Economics	84-86
9.	Department of Geography	87-96
10.	Department of Computer Science	97-100
11.	Department of Environment Science	101-106

List. 1 Academic and Prospectus Committee

SI.	Members
1.	Dr. Kamal Krishna Sarkar, Chairperson, Principal
2.	Dr. Mitali Tikadar (ex-officio, TCS)
3.	Dr. Sagar Simlandy ((ex-officio, IQAC Coordinator)
4.	Dr. Shibu Paul (Convenor)
5.	Dr. Md. Habib, Member
6.	Dr. Amit Kumar Kundu, Member
7.	Ashok Raj Mahali
8.	Suraiya Yeasmin,
9.	Sabina Yeasmin, Member

Department (HoDs) (Arts Stream)

SI.	Name of Departments	Names of HODs
1.	Physics	Paban Bitter
2.	Mathematics	Dr. Sudhanshu Kr. Biswas
3.	Chemistry	Dr. Amit Kumar Kundu
4.	Botany	Dr. Suchetana Mukherjee
5.	Zoology	Dr. Sajal Kr. Dey
6.	Molecular Biology and Bio Technology	Dr. Abhishek Basu
7.	Economics	Arunava Kr. Chowdhury
8.	Geography	Dr. Sakti Mandal
9.	Computer Science	Utsab Dutta
10.	Environment Science	Amitava Bhattacharya

Introduction

The Academic Calendar for the Science Stream for all the students of the Ten Science Departments of Sripat Singh College including Physics, Mathematics, Chemistry, Botany, Zoology, Molecular Biology and Bio Technology, Economics, Geography, Computer Science and Environment Science. This Calendar is prepared by the Academic Calendar and Prospectus Committee (List: 1) with the full support and help of all HODs (List:2) of the above-mentioned departments.

Sripat Singh College

ACADEMIC CALENDAR: SESSION- January 25-June 25 Stream: Science DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES DEPARTMENT OF: Physics

<mark>Major: II</mark>

Courses	Courses Title	Торіс	No. Of	Teachers
Theory PHY-M-T-2: Marks (Semester	MECHANICS	Unit-1- Fundamentals of Dynamics:	6	NH
Internal Assessment – 10) Theory: (4 Credits) No. of Lectures - 60		<u>Unit-II</u> A) Work and Energy B) Collisions C) Elasticity <u>Unit-III</u>	10	АН
		A) Rotational Dynamics	12	SM
		<u>Unit-IV</u> A) Fluid Motion B) Gravitation and Central Force Motion	5	РВ
		Unit-V Motion of a particle under a central force field	6	РВ
		<u>Unit-VI</u> A) Oscillations:SHM B) Non-Inertial	11	DPD
		Systems <u>Unit-VII</u> Special Theory of Relativity	10	SB
PRACTICAL PHY-M-P-2: Marks (Semester End - 20, Internal Assessment – 5) (Lab. Note Book - 05, Viva- Voce-05, Experiment -10) Practical - (2 Credits) No. of Lectures - 60	MECHANICS	1. Measurements of length (or diameter) using vernier caliper, screw gauge and travelling	60	AH+SM+DPD
		2. To study the random error in		

observations.
3. To determine the height of a building using a Sextant.
4. To study the Motion of Spring and calculate (a) Spring constant, (b) g
5. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a Flywheel/ a rigid body.
6. To determine g and velocity for a freely falling body using Digital Timing Technique13 P a g e
7. To determine Coefficient of Viscosity of water by Capillary Flow Method (Poiseuille's
method).
8. To determine the Young's Modulus of the material of a bar by flexure method
9. To determine the Modulus of Rigidity of a Wire by - Dynamic Method.
10. To determine the elastic Constants of a wire by Searle's method.
11. To determine the value of g using Bar Pendulum.
12. To determine the value of g using Kater's Pendulum.

Theory	BASIC	 13. To draw the frequency - resonance length curve of a sonometer wire and to determine an unknown frequency of a tuning fork 14. Measurement of coefficient of viscosity by Stoke's method. 		
PHY-SEC-T-2: Marks (Semester End – 35, Internal Assessment – 10) Internal Assessment [(Class Test/Assignment/ quiz etc) - 10]	INSTRUMENTATION SKILLS	 A) Basic of Measurement B) Electronic Voltmeter 	12	NH
Lectures - 45		<u>Unit-II-</u> A) Cathode Ray Oscilloscope B) Signal Generators and Analysis Instruments	19	РВ
		<u>Unit-III</u> A) : Impedance Bridges & Q-Meters B) Digital Instruments C) Digital Multi meter	14	SM

<mark>Minor: I</mark>I

courses	Courses Title	Торіс	No. of	Teachers
			Lectures	
Theory	MECHANICS	Unit-I		
		A) Laws of Motion	13	NH
PHY-MI-1-2: Marks (Semester End -		B) Momentum and		
30, Internal Assessment – 5)		Energy		
Theory – (3 Credits) No. of Lectures - 45		C) Rotational		
		Motion		
			16	AH
		<u>Unit-II</u> -		
		A) Non-Inertial		
		Systems		

		 B) Gravitation C) Collisions D) Oscillations Unit-III- A) Elasticity B) Fluid Motion C) Special Theory of Relativity 	16	SB
Practical PHY-MI-P-2: Marks (Semester End - 10, Internal Assessment – 5) Practical - (1 Credits) No. of Lectures - 30	MECHANICS	 Measurements of length (or diameter) using vernier caliper, screw gauge and travelling microscope. To study the random error in 	30	PB+NH+SB
		3. To determine the height of a building using a Sextant.		
		4. To study the Motion of Spring and calculate (a) Spring constant, (b) g		
		5. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a Flywheel/ a rigid body.		
		6. To determine g and velocity for a freely falling body using Digital Timing Technique		
		7.To determine Coefficient of Viscosity of water by Capillary Flow Method (Poiseuille's		
		method). 8.To determine the		

Young's Modulus of the material of a bar by flexure method 9.To determine the Modulus of Rigidity of a Wire by - Dynamic Method. 10.To determine the elastic Constants of a wire by Searle's method.	
Kater's Pendulum. 13.To draw the frequency - resonance length curve of a sonometer wire and to determine an unknown frequency of a tuning fork 14. Measurement of coefficient of viscosity by Stoke's method.	

Sripat Singh College

Academic Calendar: Session- January 25-June 25 Stream: Science DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES DEPARTMENT OF: Physics

Sem-IV (Major)

Courses	Courses Title	Topic	No Of	Teachers
Courses		ropie	Lectures	reactions
Theory	WAVE OPTICS and	Unit-1-	Lectures	
PHV_M_T_4.	FI ECTDOMACNE			
1 11 1 -141- 1 -4.	ELECIKOMAGNE	a) Superposition of	08	NH
Marks	TIC THEORY	Two Harmonic Waves		
(Semester End		b) Wave Optics		
- 40. Internal		Unit_II		
Assessment –		<u>0111-11</u>		
10)		a) Interforence		РВ
10)			12	
Theory: (4		b) Interferomet		
Credits) No. of		er		
Lectures - 60				
		<u>Unit-III</u>		
		a) Diffraction	12	
		b) Fraunhofr		SB
		diffraction		
		c) Fresnel		
		Diffraction.		
		<u>Unit-IV</u>		
			08	SM
		Maxwell Equations		5111
		Unit V		
		EM Waya Propagation		АН
		in Unbounded Medie	06	
		III UIIDoullueu Meula		
		<u>Unit-VI</u>		
			14	
		a) EM Wave in	14	
		Bounded		
		Media		
		b) Polarization of		DPD
		Electromagneti		
		c Waves		
PRACTICAL	WAVE ODTICS and			
	FI ECTDOMA ONE	1 To determine		AH+SM+DPD
PHY-M-P-4.	ELECIKUMAGNE	the frequency of	60	
Marks	TIC THEORY			
(Semester End		an electric		
- 20, Internal		tuning fork by		

Assessment -5	Melde's
(Lab Note	ovporiment and
Book - 05	experiment and
Viva-Voce-05	verny X2 - 1 law.
Experiment $_{-10}$	
Practical - (2	2. Familiarization
Credits) No. of	with: Schuster's
Lectures 60	focusing;
Lectures - 00	determination
	of angle of
	prism and to
	determine
	refractive index
	of the Material
	of a prism using
	soaium source.
	3. To draw the
	deviation -
	wavelength of
	the material of a
	prism and to
	find the
	wavelength of
	an unknown line
	an unknown me
	deviation.
	4. lo determine
	wavelength of (1) Na
	source and (2) spectral
	lines of suitable source
	using plane diffraction
	grating.
	5. To determine the
	dispersive power of the
	material of a prism
	using mercury source.
	6 To determine
	wavelength of sodium
	prism.
	7. To determine
	wavelength of sodium
	light using Newton's
	Rings.
	8. To determine the
	thickness of a thin
	paper hy measuring the

				1
		width of the		
		interference fringes		
		produced by a wedge-		
		shaped Film.		
		9. To determine		
		dispersive power and		
		resolving power of a		
		plane diffraction		
		grating.		
		10. To verify the law of		
		Malus for plane		
		polarized light.		
		11. To determine the		
		specific rotation of		
		sugar solution using		
		Polarimeter		
		12 To determine the		
		refractive index of		
		liquid by total internal		
		reflection using		
		Wollostop's air-film		
Theory	THERMAL PHYSICS	l Init-I-·		
PHY-M-T-5:		Introduction to		
Marks		Thermodynamics	08	PB
(Semester End – 40, Internal Assessment –				
10) Internal Assessment		Second Law of		
[(Class Test/		Thermodynamics	10	AH
Assignment/ etc) - 10] Theory: (4 Credits) No.		merniouynamics		
of Lectures - 60				
		<u>Unit-III</u>		AH
		Entropy	07	
		<u>Unit-IV</u>		
				SB
		Thermodynamic	07	55
		Potentials	•	
		<u>Unit-V</u>		
		a)	14	
		Maxwell's		SM
		Thermodynamic		
		Relations		
		b) Kinetic Theory of		
		Gases Distribution of		
		Velocities		
			14	
		Unit-VI		DPD
		a) Molecular		
		Collisions		
		h) Real Gases		

	Behavior of Real Gases	

PRACTICAL	THERMAL		60	PB+SB+NH
PHY-M-P-5: Marks (Semester End - 20, Internal Assessment – 5) (Lab. Note Book - 05, Viva-Voce-05, Experiment -10) Practical - (2 Credits) No. of	PHYSICS	 To determine Mechanical Equivalent of Heat, J, by Callender and Barne's constant flow method. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Searle's Apparatus. 		
Lectures - 60		3. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Angstrom's Method.		
		4. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method.		
		5. To determine the Temperature Coefficient of Resistance by Platinum Resistance Thermometer (PRT).		
		6. To study the variation of Thermo-Emf of a Thermocouple with Difference of Temperature of its Two Junctions.		
		7. To calibrate a thermocouple to measure temperature in a specified Range using (1) Null Method,		
		8. (2) Direct measurement using Op-Amp difference amplifier and to		

Temperature	
9. Determination of the boiling point of a liquid by Platinum resistance thermometer	
10. Determination of the melting point of a solid with a thermocouple.	
11. Measurement of the coefficient of linear expansion of a solid using an optical lever.	

Minor

courses	Courses Title	Торіс	No. of	Teachers
		TT A T	Lectures	
Theory	PHY- MI-T-4: ELECTRICITY	<u>Unit-1</u> Electrostatics	14	NH
(3 Credits) No. of Classes - 45 Marks (Semester End - 30, Internal Assessment – 05)	MAGNETISM Theory: (3 Credits) No. of	<u>Unit-II</u> - Magnetism	10	SB
	Classes - 45 Marks (Semester End - 30, Internal Assessment – 05)	<u>Unit-III-</u> A) Electromagnetic Induction	06	АН
		B)Maxwell's equations and Electromagnetic		
		wave propagation	16	
Due etical	PHV- MI-T-4·		30	A LI+DD+SD
Practical	ELECTRICITY	1. To use a	30	Anti dtod
PHY-MI-P-4:	AND	Multimeter for		
ELECTRICITY	MAGNETISM	measuring (a)		
AND		Resistances, (b) AC		
MAGNETISM Dragtical (1		and DC Voltages,		
Fractical - (1 Credits) No. of		(c) DC Current, and		
Classos 30 Marker		(d) checking		
Classes- JU Marks: (Somostor End		electrical fuses.		
10. Internal		2. Ballistic		
Assessment – 05)		Galvanometen (i)		
		Measurement of		

-	
	charge and current
	sensitivity, (ii)
	Measurement of
	CDR, (iii)
	Determine a high
	resistance by
	Leakage Method,
	(iv) To determine
	Self Inductance
	of a Coil by
	Rayleigh's Method.
	2 Ta assume
	5.10 compare
	Capacitatices using
	De Sauty 8 offuge.
	4.Measurement of
	field strength
	Bandits variation in
	a Solenoid
	(Determined B/dx)
	5. To study the
	Characteristics of a
	Series RC Circuit.
	6. To study a series
	determine its (a)
	Besonant frequency
	(b) Quality factor
	(b) Quanty factor
	7.To study a parallel
	LCR circuit and
	determine its (a)
	Anti-resonant
	frequency and (b)
	Quality factor Q
	8.To determine a
	Low Resistance by
	Carey Foster's
	Bridge.
	9 To verify the
	Thevenin and
	Norton theorems
	10.To verify the
	Superposition, and

Maximum Power
Transfer Theorems
11.Verification of
Ohm's law with a
tangent
galvanometer.
12.Determination of
the end corrections
of a metre bridge
and to measure the
value of an
unknown resistance
incorporating end
corrections .

<mark>SEM-VI(HONS)</mark>

courses	Courses Title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
PHY-H-CC-T-13: (Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02) Theory: 60 Lectures F.M. = 75(Theory - 40, Internal Assessment – 15) Internal Assessment: Class Attendance (Theory) – 05, Theory (Class Test/ Assignment/ Tutorial) – 05, Practical (Sessional Viva- voce) - 05]	Electromagneti c Theory	Unit-Ia)Maxwell Equationb)Rotatory Polarizationb)Rotatory Polarizationa)EM Wave in Bounded Mediab)Polarization of Electromagnetic Wavesa)Unit-IIIa)EM Wave Propagation in Unbounded Mediab)Optical Fibres	17 22 10 11	DPD SM NH SB
PHY-H-CC-P-13: QUANTUM MECHANICS AND APPLICATIONS Practical – 20 marks (Lab. Note Book – 05, Viva-Voce- 05,Experiment -10)	Electromagne tic Theory	 To verify the law of Malus for plane polarized light. To determine the specific rotation of sugar solution using Polarimeter. To analyze elliptically 	60	SM+AH+DPD

polarized Light by using a Babinet's compensator.
4. To study dependence of radiation on angle for a simple Dipole antenna.
5. To determine the wavelength and velocity of ultrasonic waves in a liquid
(Kerosene
Oil, Xylene, etc.) by studying the diffraction through ultrasonic grating.
6. To study the reflection, refraction of microwaves
7. To study Polarization and double slit interference in microwaves.
8. To determine the refractive index of liquid by total internal reflection using
Wollaston's air-film.
9. To determine the refractive Index of (1) glass and (2) a liquid by total internal
reflection using a Gaussian eyepiece.45
10. To study the polarization of light by reflection and determine the polarizing angle
for air-glass interface.
11. To verify the Stefan's law of radiation and to determine Stefan's constant.
12. To determine the

Theory PHY-H-CC-T-14 (Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02) Theory: 60 Lectures F.M. = 75(Theory - 40, Internal Assessment - 15) Internal Assessment : Class Attendance (Theory) – 05, Theory (Class Test/ Assignment/ Tutorial) –	STATISTICA L MECHANIC S	Boltzmann constant using V-I characteristics of PN junction diode. 13. To verify Brewster's law and Fresnel formulae for reflection of electromagnetic waves with the help of a spectrometer, a prism and two polaroids <u>Unit-I</u> Classical Statistics <u>Unit-II</u> A) Classical Theory of radiation B) Quantum theory of Radiation	18 14	SB PB
05, Practical (Sessional Viva- voce) - 05]		<u>Unit-III</u> A) Bose-Einstein Statistics B) Fermi-Dirac Statistics	28	АН
PHY-H-CC-P-14: Practical – 20 marks (Lab. Note Book – 05, Viva-Voce- 05,Experiment -10)	STATISTICA L MECHANIC S	 Plot Planck's law for Black Body radiation and compare it with Wein's Law and Raleigh-Jeans Law at high temperature (room temperature) and low temperature. Plot Specific Heat of Solids by comparing (a) Dulong-Petit law, (b) Einstein distribution function, (c) Debye distribution function for high 	60	SM+PB
		temperature (room temperature) and low		

		 temperature and compare them for these two cases 3. Plot Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution function versus temperature. 4. Plot Fermi-Dirac distribution function versus temperature. 5. Plot Bose-Einstein distribution function versus temperature. 		
PHY-H-DSE-T-03: (Credits: Theory-05, Tutorials-01) Theory: 75 Lectures F.M. = 75 (Theory - 60, Internal Assessment – 15) Internal Assessment [Class Attendance – 05, Class Test/ Assignment/ Tutorial – 10]	NANO MATERIALS AND APPLICATIO- NS	Unit-Ia) NanoscaleSystemsb) CharacterizationUnit-IIA) Synthesis ofnanostructure MaterialsB) Electron TransportUnit-IIIA) Optical PropertesB) Applications	18 14 28	DPD SM PB
PHY-H-DSE-T-04: (Credits: Theory-05, Tutorials-01) Theory: 75 Lectures F.M. = 75 (Theory - 60, Internal Assessment – 15) Internal Assessment [Class Attendance – 05, Class Test/ Assignment/ Tutorial – 10]	EXPERIMENT- AL TECHNIQUES	Unit-I a) Measurements b) Shielding and Grounding c) Digital Multimeter Unit-II A) Signals and Systems B) Impedance Bridges And Q-meter	16 11	SB PB
		<u>Unit-III</u> Transducers & industrial instrumentation <u>Unit-IV</u> Vacuum Systems	21 12	DPD SM

SEM-VI(PCC)

courses	Courses Title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teac hers
PHY-G-DSE- T-02: (Credits: Theory- 04, Practicals- 02) F.M. = 75 (Theory - 40,	DIGITAL, ANALOG CIRCUITS AND INSTRUMENTATION	Unit-Ia) Digital Circuitsb) Semiconductor Devices and Amplifiers Unit-II a) Operational Amplifiersb) Sinusoidal Oscillatorsc) Instrumentations	30 30	NH PB
Practical – 20, Internal Assessment – 15)				
Internal Assessment [Class Attendance (Theory) – 05, Theory (Class Test/				
Assignment/ Tutorial) – 05, Practical (Sessional Viva-voce) - 05]				
PHY-G-SEC-T-4 (Credits: 02) F.M. = 50 (Theory - 40, Internal Assessment – 10)	Radiation Safety	Unit-Ia) Basics of atomic and nuclear physicsb) Interaction of Radiation with matter	13	АН
Assessment [Class Attendance		Unit-II a) Radiation detection b) Radiation safety management c) Application of nuclear techniques	17	SM

Academic Calendar Department of Mathematics Session: January-June, 2025

Semester: II, Mathematics Major (NEP)

Courses MATH-M-T- 02	Course Title Algebra-I Major Course:	Topic Unit-I, Classical Algebra,	Concern Teacher PM	Number of Lecture 30L
	Credit-6, Full Marks-75			
	Algebra-I Major Course: Credit-6, Full Marks-75	Unit-2, Abstract Algebra,	ARM	25L
	Algebra-I, Major Course: Credit-6, Full Marks-75	Unit-3, Linear Algebra,	SKB	20L
MATH-M- SEC-02	Fuzzy Set Theory Skill Enhancement Course, Credit- 3, Full Marks- 45.	Unit-1, Unit-2, Unit-3	UA UA UA	20L 15L 10L

Semester: II, Mathematics Minor (NEP)

Courses	Course Title	Topic	Concern Teacher	Number of Lecture
MATH-MI-T- 01	Algebra & Analytical Geometry. Minor Course: Credit-4, Full Marks-50	Unit- I Algebra: Complex Number, Polynomials, Rank of Matrix, Relations and Partitions, Group, Subgroups.	SKB	20L
MATH-MI-T- 01	Algebra & Analytical Geometry. Minor Course: Credit-4, Full Marks-50	Unit-II Analytical Geometry: Transformation of rectangular axes, General equations of second degree in x and y, Pair of straight lines, polar equation of straight lines and circles. Sphere and cone.	PM	30L

Semester:	IV,	Mathematics	Major	(NEP)
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Courses	Course Title	Торіс	Concern Teacher	Number of Lecture
MATH-M-T-04	Differential Equations (DE) Major Course: Credit-6, Full Marks-75	Unit-I: DE and mathematical model. G.S. of DE, Exact DE, LDE, First order and Higher degree DE. Unit-2: Lipschitz condition, GS of homogeneous equation second order. Method of undetermined coefficients and variation of parameters. Unit-3: System of LDE, Types of linear equations, Differential Operators. Basic Theory of linear systems in normal form, Homogeneous linear systems with constant coefficients. Unit-4: Equilibrium points, Interpretation of the phase plane. Power series solution.	РМ	55L
	Differential Equations	Unit-5, PDE	UA	15L
MATH-M-T-05	Algebra-II Major Course: Credit-6, Full Marks-75	Unit-1, Abstract Algebra: Cosets, Normal subgroups, Factors groups. Unit-2, Abstract Algebra: Properties of external direct products, Fundamental theorem of abelian groups, Sylow's theorem, Cauchy's theorem Unit-3, Ring Theory	ARM ARM	20L 10L
			ARM	15L
	Algebra-II Major Course: Credit-6, Full	Unit-4, Linear Algebra, Vector space Unit-5, Linear Algebra, Linear	SKB	15L
	Marks-75	Transformation	SKB	15L

Semester: IV, Mathematics	Minor(NEP)
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Courses	Course Title	Торіс	Concern Teacher	Number of Lecture
MATH-MI-T- 02	Calculus & Differential Equations , Minor Course:	Unit-I, Differential Calculus Unit-I, Integral Calculus	ARM	25L 5L
	Credit-4, Full Marks-50	, ,		
		Unit-3, Differential Equations	PM	20L

Semester: VI, Mathematics Honours (CBCS)

Semester-VI (CBCS)

Courses	Course Title	Торіс	Concern	Number of
			Teacher	Lecture
MATH-CC-T- 13	Metric Spaces and Complex	Unit-2, Continuous mapping, compactness	ARM	15L
Core Course; Credit-6, Full	Analysis	Unit-3, Complex functions, limit, continuity.	ARM	20L
Marks-75		Unit-4, Complex integration, power series	ARM	20L
MATH-CC-T- 13		Unit-1 Metric Spaces sequences in metric spaces	PM	20L
MATH-CC-T- 14 Core Course; Credit-6, Full Marks-75	Probability & Statistics	Unit-1, Probability , sample space, probability distribution function mathematical expectation	SKB	20L
		Unit-2, Joint cumulative distribution function, Expectation of function of two random variables.	SKB	20L
		Unit-3, Chebyshev's inequality, central limit theorem.	SKB	15L
MATH-CC-T- 14		Unit-4, Statistics	РМ	20L
MATH-H- DSE T 3 A	Fuzzy Set	Unit-1, Interval numbers	UA	5L
Discipline Specific Elective	Theory	Unit-2 Fuzzy versus crisps sets, representation of fuzzy sets.	UA	20L
Course; Credit- 6, Full marks- 75		Unit-3, Types of fuzzy operations, combinations of fuzzy operations.	UA	30L
		Unit-4, Crisp versus fuzzy relations, fuzzy binary relations.	UA	10L
		equations	UA	10L

MATH-H-	Point	Set	Unit-1, Topological spaces	UA	20L
DSE-T-4A	Topology		Unit-2, Subspaces Topology, Net		
Discipline			in topological space.	UA	15L
Specific			Unit-3 Separation axioms		
Elective			Unit-4, Connected spaces,		
Course; Credit-			properties of real valued	UA	15L
6, Full marks-			continuous function on		
75			connected and compact spaces.	UA	25L

Semester: VI, Mathematics General(CBCS)

Courses	Course Title	Торіс	Concern	Number of
		-	Teacher	Lecture
MATH-G-DSE-	Numerical	Unit-I, Different typyes of error	SKB	20L
T-2B	Method	Unit-2 Numerical integration		
Discipline			SKB	20L
Specific Elective Course: Credit-6.		Unit-3 Transcendental and polynomial equations		
Full marks-75		r	SKB	20L
	Numerical	Unit-4, Numerical Method	ARM	15L
	Method			
MATH-G-SEC-	Programming in	Unit-1, 2 Programming in C	PM	25L
T-4A,	С			
Skill				
Enhancement				
course, Credit-2,				
Full marks-50				

SRIPAT SINGH COLLEGE

ACADEMIC CALENDAR SESSION- January, 2025 – June 2025 Stream: Science

DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES IN SEMESTER-II, IV & VI: January, 2025 – June 2025 Department of Chemistry B. Sc. (Hons.)

DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES IN SEMESTER-II (NEP)

Courses	Course Title	Торіс	No. of Lectures (Inclusion of Tutorials)	Teachers
	Organic-1	Bonding and Physical Properties: Valence Bond Theory: Concept of hybridisation, shapes of molecules, resonance (including hyperconjugation); calculation of formal charges and double bond equivalent (DBE); orbital pictures of bonding (sp3, sp2, sp: C-C, C-N & C- O systems and s-cis and s-trans geometry for suitable cases). Electronic displacements:Inductive effect, field effect, mesomeric effect, resonance energy; bond polarization and bond polarizability; electromeric effect; steric effect,steric inhibition of resonance.	18L	MM
Course Code: CHEM-MAT- 2 Course Title: Organic [60 Classes] Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal Assessment 15)	Organic-1	MO theory: Qualitative idea about molecular orbitals, bonding and antibonding interactions, idea about σ , σ^* , π , π^* , $n -$ MOs; basic idea about σ , σ^* , π , π^* , $n -$ MOs; basic idea about Frontier MOs (FMO); concept of HOMO, LUMO and SOMO; interpretation of chemical reactivity in terms of FMO interactions; sketch and energy levels of π MOs of i) acyclic p orbital system (C=C, conjugated diene, triene, allyl and pentadienyl systems), ii) cyclic p orbital system (neutral systems: [4], [6]- annulenes; charged systems: 3-, 4-, 5- membered ring systems); Hückel's rules for aromaticity up to [10]-annulene (including mononuclear heterocyclic compounds up to 6-membered ring); concept of antiaromaticity and homoaromaticity; non-aromatic molecules; Frost diagram; elementary idea about α and β ; measurement of delocalization energies in terms of β for buta-1,3-diene, cyclobutadiene, hexa- 1,3,5-triene and benzene. Physical properties: Influence of hybridization on bond properties: bond dissociation energy	1 <i>5</i> L	ММ

(BDE) a bond d bond theory) point/bc common covalen intermon molecul stabiliti isomeri of hydr heat of formati	and bond energy; istances, bond angles; concept of angle strain (Baeyer's strain ; melting oiling point and solubility of n organic compounds in terms of t & noncovalent olecular forces; polarity of les and dipole moments; relative es of c hydrocarbons in terms of heat ogenation, heat of combustion and on.		
Genera Mechar	l Treatment of Reaction nism – I		
Mechan	istic classification:		
Ionic, ra example eliminat (definiti cleavage and heter heteroge rules in reagent (elemen nucleop <i>Reactive</i> (carbeni carbanic benzyne structure electrop	adical and pericyclic (definition and e); reaction type: addition, tion and substitution reactions on and example); nature of bond e and bond formation: homolytic prolytic bond fission, homogenic and enic bond formation; curly arrow representation of mechanistic steps; type: electrophiles and nucleophiles tary idea); electrophilicity and hilicity in terms of FMO approach. <i>e intermediates:</i> Carbocations tum and carbonium ions), ons, carbon radicals, carbenes, e, nitrenes: generation and stability, e using orbital picture and hilic/nucleophilic	24 L	MM
Stereou Bonding and rep. Tetrahea asymme wedge and the chirality and poin S_n (Cs, C chirality molecul concept stereoge pseudoa and num involvim ABA an <i>Relative</i> D/L and meso no nomenc	chemistry-I: g geometries of carbon compounds resentation of molecules: dral nature of carbon and concept of etry; Fischer, sawhorse, flying- and Newman projection formulae eir inter translations. <i>Concept of</i> <i>y and symmetry</i> : Symmetry elements int groups (Cnh, Cnv, Cn, Dnh, Dnd, Dn, Ci); molecular chirality and centre of <i>y</i> ; asymmetric and dissymmetric es; enantiomers and diastereomers; of epimers; concept of enicity, chirotopicity and asymmetry; chiral centres mber of stereoisomerism: systems ag 1/2/3-chiral centre(s) (AA, AB, ad ABC types). <i>e and absolute configuration:</i> d R/S descriptors; erythro/threo and omenclature of compounds; syn/anti latures for aldols: E/Z descriptors	18 L	MTM
for C=C N=N	C, conjugated diene, triene, C=N and		RG

		systems; combination of R/S- and E/Z- isomerisms. <i>Optical activity of chiral</i> <i>compounds:</i> Optical rotation, specific rotation and molar rotation; racemic compounds, racemisation (through cationic, anionic, radical intermediates and through reversible formation of stable achiral intermediates); resolution of acids, bases and alcohols via diastereomeric salt formation; optical purity and enantiomeric excess; invertomerism of chiral trialkylamines.		
Course Code:	Course Title:	Conquestions		
Course Code: CHEM-MAP-2 [2 credits = 20] Practical. Full Marks: 20	Course Title: Organic-1	Separation: Based upon solubility, by using common laboratory reagents like water (cold, hot), dil. HCl, dil. NaOH, dil. NaHCO ₃ , etc., of components of a binary solid mixture; purification of any one of the, separated components by crystallization and determination of its melting point. The composition of the mixture may be of the following types: Benzoic acid/p-Toluidine; p-Nitrobenzoic acid/p- Aminobenzoic acid; p-Nitrotolune/p-Anisidine; etc. Determination of boiling point: Determination of boiling point: Determination of boiling point of common organic liquid compounds e.g., ethanol, cyclohexane, chloroform, ethyl methyl ketone, cyclohexanone, acetylacetone, anisole, crotonaldehyde, mesityl oxide, etc. [Boiling point of the chosen organic compounds should preferably be less than 160°C] Identification of a Pure Organic Compound by chemical test(s): Solid compounds: Oxalic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, succinic acid, resorcinol, urea, glucose, benzoic acid and salicylic acid. Liquid Compounds: Formic acid, acetic acid, methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, acetone, aniline, N,N-dimethylaniline, benzaldehydeand nitrobenzene.	10L	MM
CHEM-MDC- 2 [60 Classes] Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal Assessment 15)	Basic Industrial Chemistry (Multidisciplinary Course)	Fuels Classification of fuel; heating values; origin of coal, carbonization of coal, coal gas, producer gas, water gas, coal based chemicals; origin and composition of petroleum, petroleum refining,cracking, knocking, octane number, antiknock compounds, kerosene, liquefied petroleum gas(LPG), liquefied natural gas (LNG); petrochemicals (C1 to C3 compounds and their uses).	9L	AKK

		Fertilizers Manufacture of ammonia and ammonium salts, urea, superphosphate, bio-fertilizers. 3. Cement Portland cement: composition and setting of cement white cement	(5L)	АКК
		4. Polymers Basic concept, structure and types of plastics, polythene, polystyrene, phenol-formaldehydes,PVC; manufacture, physical properties and uses of natural rubber, synthetic rubber, siliconerubber; synthetic fibres, nylon-66, polyester, terylene, rayon; foaming agents, plasticizers and stabilizers.	(9L)	МН
		 Paints and varnishes Primary constituents; formulation of paints; binders and solvents for paints; oil based paints, latexpaints, alkyd resin paint. Constituents of varnishes; formulation of varnishes. 6. Dyes and pigments Basic idea on dyes and pigments, Natural and synthetic dyes, Ideas on some dyes such as methyl Orange, congo red, malachite green, crystal violet. 	(9L)	RG
CHEM-SEC-2 [60 Classes] Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal Assessment 15)	IT Skills for Chemist	 1. Mathematics Fundamentals, mathematical functions, polynomial expressions, logarithms, the exponential function, units of a measurement, interconversion of units, constants and variables, equation of a straight line, plotting graphs. Uncertainty in experimental techniques: Displaying uncertainties, measurements in chemistry, decimal places, significant figures, combining quantities. Uncertainty in measurement: types of uncertainties, combining uncertainties. Statistical treatment. Mean, standard deviation, relative error. Data reduction and the propagation of errors. Graphical and numerical data reduction. Numerical curve fitting: the method of least squares(regression). Algebraic operations on real scalar variables (e.g. manipulation of van der Waals equation in different forms). Roots of quadratic equations analytically and iteratively (e.g. pH of a weak acid). Numerical methods of finding roots (Newton-Raphson, binary –bisection, e.g. pH of a weak acid not ignoring the ionization of water, volume of a van der Waals gas, equilibrium constant expressions). Differential calculus: The tangent line and the derivative of a function, numerical differentiation 	(15L)	AR

	volume of a van der Waals gas,		
	potentiometric titrations).		
	vi. Numerical integration (Trapezoidal and		
	Simpson's rule, e.g. entropy/enthalpy		
	change from heat capacity data).		
	2. Computer programming		
	Constants, variables, bits, bytes, binary and		
	ASCII formats, arithmetic expressions,		
	hierarchy of operations, inbuilt functions.		
	Elements of the BASIC language. BASIC		
	keywords and commands.		
	Logical and relative operators. Strings and		
	graphics. Compiled versus interpreted		
	languages. Debugging. Simple programs	(4 = -)	МН
	using these concepts. Matrix addition and	(15L)	IVII I
	multiplication. Statistical analysis. BASIC		
	programs for curve fitting, numerical		
	differentiation and integration (Trapezoidal		
	rule, Simpson's rule), finding roots		
	(quadratic formula, iterative, Newton-		
	kapnson method).		
	5. Hands Un		
	1. Introductory writing activities:		
	introduction to word processor and		
	structure drawing (ChemSketch) software.		
	incorporating chemical structures, chemical		
	equations, and expressions from chemistry		
	(e.g. Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution law, Proge's law you der Weels equation at a)		
	into word processing documents		
	into word processing documents.		
	ii Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet		
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information basic	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae creating charts	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law,	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell-	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight),	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations.	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH	(15L)	AR
	 ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions 	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and Least Squares. Numerical curve fitting,	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and Least Squares. Numerical curve fitting, linear regression (rate constants from	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and Least Squares. Numerical curve fitting, linear regression (rate constants from concentration- time	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and Least Squares. Numerical curve fitting, linear regression (rate constants from concentration- time data, molar extinction coefficients from	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formating information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and Least Squares. Numerical curve fitting, linear regression (rate constants from concentration- time data, molar extinction coefficients from absorbance data), numerical differentiation	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and Least Squares. Numerical curve fitting, linear regression (rate constants from concentration- time data, molar extinction coefficients from absorbance data), numerical differentiation (e.g. handling	(15L)	AR
	 ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and Least Squares. Numerical curve fitting, linear regression (rate constants from concentration-time data, molar extinction coefficients from absorbance data), numerical differentiation (e.g. handling data from pt phase equilibric and pH metric 	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and Least Squares. Numerical curve fitting, linear regression (rate constants from concentration- time data, molar extinction coefficients from absorbance data), numerical differentiation (e.g. handling data from potentiometric and pH metric titrations, pKa of weak acid), integration	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formating information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and Least Squares. Numerical curve fitting, linear regression (rate constants from concentration- time data, molar extinction coefficients from absorbance data), numerical differentiation (e.g. handling data from potentiometric and pH metric titrations, pKa of weak acid), integration (e.g.entropy/enthalpy change from heat	(15L)	AR
	ii. Handling numeric data: Spreadsheet software (Excel), creating a spreadsheet, entering and formatting information, basic functions and formulae, creating charts, tables and graphs. Incorporating tables and graphs into word processing documents. Simple calculations, plotting graphs using a spreadsheet (Planck's distribution law, radial distribution curves for hydrogenic orbitals, gas kinetic theory- Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution curves as function of temperature and molecular weight), spectral data, pressure-volume curves of van der Waals gas (van der Waals isotherms), data from phase equilibria studies. Graphical solution of equations. iii. Numeric modelling: Simulation of pH metric titration curves. Excel functions LINEST and Least Squares. Numerical curve fitting, linear regression (rate constants from concentration- time data, molar extinction coefficients from absorbance data), numerical differentiation (e.g. handling data from potentiometric and pH metric titrations, pKa of weak acid), integration (e.g.entropy/enthalpy change from heat capacity data).	(15L)	AR

		and Errors in measurements and their effect		
		on data sets. Descriptive statistics using		
		Excel. Statistical significance testing: The t		
		v. Presentation: Presentation graphics		
CHEM-MIT-	Course Title:	Atomic Structure		
2A (Minor-2)		Bohr's theory for hydrogen atom (simple		
[60 Classes]		mathematical treatment), atomic spectra of		
Full Marks: 55		hydrogen and Bohr's model, Sommerfeld's	(6L)	MH
(End Sem.		model, quantum numbers and their		
40+Internal		significance, Pauli's exclusion principle,		
Assessment 15)		Hund's rule, electronic configuration of		
		its limitations.		
		2. Chemical Periodicity		
	Inorganic-1	Classification of elements on the basis of		
	&	electronic configuration: general		
	Organic-1	characteristics of s-, p-, d- and f-block		
		elements. Positions of hydrogen and noble	(6L)	
		gases in the periodic table. Atomic and		AKK
		affinity, and electronegativity: periodic and		
		group-wise variation of above properties in		
		respect of s- and p- block elements.		
		3. Acids and bases Brönsted–Lowry		
		concept, conjugate acids and bases, relative		
		strengths of acids and bases, effects of substituent and solvent, differentiating and		RG
		levelling solvents. Lewis acid-base concept.	(6L)	
		classification of Lewis acids and bases,		
		Lux-Flood concept and solvent system		
		concept. Hard and soft acids and bases		
		process.		
		4. Redox reactions Balancing of equations		
		by oxidation number and ion-electron	(4L)	MM
		method, Standard electrode potential, formal		101101
		potential, redox indicator and redox		
		titrations.		
		Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry		
		Electronic displacements: Inductive effect,		
		resonance and nyperconjugation; cleavage of bonds: homolytic and heterolytic:	(5L)	
		structure of organic molecules on the basis	X- 7	
		of VBT; nucleophiles and electrophiles;		MTM
		reactive intermediates: carbocations,		
		carbanions and free radicals.		
		2. Stereochemistry Different types of		
		somerism; geometrical and optical		
		27		
		∠ 1		

		 activity (up to two carbon atoms); asymmetric carbon atom; elements of symmetry (plane and centre); interconversion of Fischer and Newman representations; enantiomerism and diastereomerism, meso compounds; threo and erythro, D and L, cis and trans nomenclature; CIP Rules: R/S (upto 2 chiral carbon atoms) and E/Z nomenclature. 3. Nucleophilic Substitution and Elimination Reactions Nucleophilic substitutions: SN1 and SN2 reactions; eliminations: E1 and E2 reactions (elementary 	(5L)	
		mechanistic aspects); Saytzeff and Hofmann eliminations; elimination vs substitution.	(4L)	ММ
		4. Aliphatic Hydrocarbons Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations & reactions) to be studied in context to their structures.		
		Alkanes (up to 5 Carbons): Preparation: catalytic hydrogenation, Wurtz reaction, Kolbe's synthesis, from Grignard reagent. Reactions: mechanism for free radical substitution: halogenation.		
		Alkenes: (up to 5 Carbons): Preparation: elimination reactions: dehydration of	(9L)	
		alcohols and dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides; cis alkenes (partial catalytic hydrogenation) and trans alkenes (Birch reduction). Reactions: cis-addition (alkaline KMnO4) and trans-addition (bromine) with mechanism, addition of HX [Markownikoff's (with mechanism) and anti-Markownikoff's addition], hydration, ozonolysis, oxymercuration-demercuration and hydroboration-oxidation reaction.		MH
		Alkynes: (up to 5 Carbons): Preparation: acetylene from CaC2 and conversion into higher alkynes; by dehalogenation of tetra halides and dehydrohalogenation of vicinal dihalides. Reactions: formation of metal acetylides, addition of bromine and alkaline KMnO4, ozonolysis and oxidation with hot alkaline KMnO4.		
CHEM-MIP- 2A (Minor-2) [2 credits = 20] Practical.	Inorganic-1 & Organic-1	 A. 1. Estimation of sodium carbonate and sodium hydrogen carbonate present in a mixture. 2. Estimation of oxalic acid by titrating it with KMnO4. 		

3. Estimation of water of crystallization	(10L)	MM+AKK
in Mohr's salt by titrating with KMnO4.		
4. Estimation of Fe (II) ions by titrating it with K2Cr2O7.		
B. Qualitative Analysis of Single Solid Organic Compound(s)		
1. Detection of special elements (N, Cl, and S) in organic compounds.		
2. Solubility and Classification (solvents: H2O, dil. HCl, dil. NaOH, dil. NaHCO3)		
3. Detection of functional groups: Aromatic-NO2, Aromatic-NH2, -COOH, carbonyl (no distinction of –CHO and >C=O needed), phenolic -OH in solid organic compounds.		
	 3. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with KMnO4. 4. Estimation of Fe (II) ions by titrating it with K2Cr2O7. B. Qualitative Analysis of Single Solid Organic Compound(s) 1. Detection of special elements (N, Cl, and S) in organic compounds. 2. Solubility and Classification (solvents: H2O, dil. HCl, dil. NaOH, dil. NaHCO3) 3. Detection of functional groups: Aromatic-NO2, Aromatic-NH2, -COOH, carbonyl (no distinction of -CHO and >C=O needed), phenolic -OH in solid organic compounds. 	 3. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with KMnO4. 4. Estimation of Fe (II) ions by titrating it with K2Cr2O7. B. Qualitative Analysis of Single Solid Organic Compound(s) 1. Detection of special elements (N, Cl, and S) in organic compounds. 2. Solubility and Classification (solvents: H2O, dil. HCl, dil. NaOH, dil. NaHCO3) 3. Detection of functional groups: Aromatic-NO2, Aromatic-NH2, -COOH, carbonyl (no distinction of -CHO and >C=O needed), phenolic -OH in solid organic compounds.

DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES IN SEMESTER-IV [NEP]

Courses	Course Title	Торіс	No. of Lectures (Inclusion of Tutorials)	Teachers
CHEM-MAT-4 [4 Credit] [60 Classes] Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal Assessment 15)	Organic-2	Stereochemistry-II:Chirality arising out of stereoaxis:Stereoisomerism of substituted cumuleneswith even and odd number of doublebonds; chiral axis in allenes, spirocompounds, alkylidenecycloalkanes andbiphenyls; related configurationaldescriptors (Ra/Sa and P/M);atropisomerism; racemisation of chiralbiphenyls; buttressing effect.Concept of prostereoisomerism:Prostereogenic centre; concept of pron-chirality: topicity of ligands and faces(elementary idea); pro-R/pro-S, pro-E/pro-Z and Re/Si descriptors; pro-r and pro-sdescriptors of ligands onpropseudoasymmetric centre.Conformation:Conformation:nomenclature: eclipsed, staggered, gauche,syn and anti; dihedral angle, torsion angle;Klyne-Prelog terminology; P/Mdescriptors; energy barrier of rotation,concept of torsional and steric strains;relative stability of conformers on the basisof steric effect, dipole-dipole interactionand H-bonding; butane gauche	(14L)	MTM

interaction; conformational analysis of ethane, propane, n-butane, 2-methylbutane and 2,3-dimethylbutane; haloalkane, 1,2- dihaloalkanes and 1,2-diols (up to four carbons); 1,2-halohydrin; conformation of conjugated systems (s-cis and s-trans).		
Mechanism II : Reaction thermodynamics: Free energy and equilibrium, enthalpy and entropy factor, calculation of enthalpy change via		
BDE, intermolecular & intramolecular reactions. Concept of organic acids and bases: Effect of structure, substituent and solvent on acidity and basicity; proton sponge; gas- phase acidity and basicity; comparison between nucleophlicity and basicity; HSAB principle; application of thermodynamic	(18L)	MM
Tautomerism: Prototropy (keto-enol, nitro - aci-nitro, nitroso-oximino, diazo-amino and enamineimine systems); valence tautomerism and ring-chain tautomerism; composition of the equilibrium in different systems (simple carbonyl; 1,2- and 1,3- dicarbonyl systems, phenols and related systems), factors affecting keto-enol tautomerism; application of thermodynamic principles in tautomeric equilibria.		RG
Reaction kinetics: Rate constant and free energy of activation; concept of order and molecularity; free energy profiles for one- step, two-step and three-step reactions; catalyzed reactions: electrophilic and nucleophilic catalysis; kinetic control and thermodynamic control of reactions; isotope effect: primary and secondary kinetic isotopic effect (kH/kD); principle of microscopic reversibility; Hammond's postulate.		
3. Substitution and Elimination Reactions: Free-radical substitution reaction: Halogentaion of alkanes, mechanism (with evidence) and stereochemical features; reactivity-selectivity principle in the light of Hammond's postulate. Nucleophilic substitution reactions: Substitution at sp3 centre: mechanisms (with evidence), relative rates & stereochemical features: SN1, SN2, SN2', SN1' (allylic		

		rearrangement) and SNi; effects of solvent, substrate structure, leaving group and nucleophiles (including ambident nucleophiles, cyanide & nitrite); substitutions involving NGP; role of crown ethers and phase transfer catalysts; [systems: alkyl halides, allyl halides, benzyl halides, alcohols, ethers, epoxides]. Concept of aliphatic electrophilic substitution reactions: E1, E2, E1cb and Ei (pyrolytic syn eliminations); formation of alkenes and alkynes; mechanisms (with evidence), reactivity, regioselectivity (Saytzeff/ Hofmann) and stereoselectivity; comparison between substitution and elimination; importance of Bredt's rule relating to the formation of C=C.	(28L)	MM
		Organic Preparations:		
CHEM-MAP-4 [2 credits = 20] Practical. Full Marks: 20	Organic-2	 A. The following reactions are to be performed, noting the yield of the crude product: Nitration of aromatic compounds Condensation reactions Hydrolysis of amides/imides/esters Acetylation of phenols/aromatic amines Benzoylation of phenols/aromatic amines Side chain oxidation of aromatic compounds Diazo coupling reactions of aromatic amines Bromination of anilides using green approach (Bromate-Bromide method)Selective reduction of m-dinitrobenzene to mnitroaniline Students must also calculate percentage yield, based upon isolated yield (crude) and theoretical yield. Purification of the crude product is to be made by crystallisation from water/alcohol, crystallization after charcoal treatment, or sublimation, whichever is applicable. 		ММ
		C. Melting point of the purified product is to be noted.		
CHEM-MAT-5 [4 Credit] [60 Classes] Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal Assessment 15)		Transport processes (20 L) Viscosity: General features of fluid flow (streamline flow and turbulent flow); Newton's equation, viscosity coefficient; Poiseuille's equation; Principle of determination of viscosity coefficient of liquids by falling sphere method; Temperature variation of viscosity of liquids and comparison with that of gases. Conductance and transport number: Ion	(15L)	RG

Physical-2	conductance; Conductance and measurement of conductance, cell constant, specific conductance and molar conductance; Variation of specific and equivalent conductance with dilution for strong and weak electrolytes; Kohlrausch's law of independent migration of ions; Equivalent and molar conductance at infinite dilution and their determination for strong and weak electrolytes: Debve–		
	Huckel theory of Ion atmosphere (qualitative)-asymmetric effect, relaxation effect and electrophoretic effect; Ostwald's dilution law; Ionic mobility; Few applications of conductance measurement; Conductometric titrations. Transport number, Principles of Hittorf's and Moving-boundary methods.	(30L)	AR
	Applications of Thermodynamics –I Partial properties and chemical potential: Chemical potential and activity, partial molar quantities, relation between chemical potential and Gibb's free energy and other thermodynamic state functions; variation of chemical potential (μ) with temperature and pressure; Gibbs-Duhem equation; fugacity and fugacity coefficient; Variation of thermodynamic functions for systems with variable composition; Equations of states for these systems, Change in G, S H and V during mixing for binary solutions		
	Chemical Equilibrium: Thermodynamic conditions for equilibrium, degree of advancement; Van't Hoff's reaction isotherm (deduction from chemical potential); Variation of free energy with degree of advancement; Equilibrium constant and standard Gibbs free energy change; Definitions of KP, KC and KX; Van't Hoff's reaction isobar and isochore from different standard states; Shifting of equilibrium due to change in external	(20L)	AR
	equinorium due to change in external parameters e.g. temperature and pressure; variation of equilibrium constant on addition of inert gas; Le Chatelier's principle. Nernst's distribution law; Application-(finding out Keq using Nernst distribution law for KI+12 KI3 and dimerization of benzoic acid). Chemical potential and other properties of ideal substances-pure and mixtures: Pure ideal gas: Its chemical potential and other thermodynamic functions and their		
	changes during mixing; Chemical potential 32		

		of an ideal gas in an ideal gas mixture; Concept of standard states and choice of standard states of ideal gases. Condensed Phase: Chemical potential of pure solid and pure liquids, Ideal solution–Definition, Raoult's law; Mixing properties of ideal solutions, chemical potential of a component in an ideal solution; Choice of standard states of solids and liquids.		
		3. Foundations of Quantum Mechanics Advent of Quantum Mechanics: Wave- particle duality, light as particles: photoelectric and Compton effects; electrons as waves and the de Broglie hypothesis; Uncertainty relations (without proof). Wave function: Schrodinger time- independent equation; nature of the equation, acceptability conditions imposed on the wave functions and probability interpretations of wave function. Concept of Operators: Elementary concepts of operators, eigenfunctions and eigenvalues; Linear operators; Commutation of operators, commutator and uncertainty relation; Expectation value; Hermitian operator; Postulates of Quantum Mechanics. Particle in a box: Setting up of Schrodinger equation for one-dimensional box and its solution; Comparison with free particle eigenfunctions and eigenvalues. Wave functions of particle in a box (normalisation, orthogonality, probability distribution); Expectation values of x, x2, px and px and their significance in relation to the uncertainty principle; Extension of the problem to two and three dimensionsa and the concept of degenerate energy levels.	20 L	RG
CHEM-MAP-5 [2 credits = 20] Practical.	Physical-2	Determination of viscosity of unknown liquids (aqueous solution of glycerol and sugar) with respect to water. ii. Determination of partition coefficient for the distribution of I2 between water and CCl4.		
Full Marks: 20		iii. Determination of Keq for KI + I2= KI3, using partition coefficient between water and CCl4.	12L	AR RG
		iv. Conductometric titration of an acid (strong, weak, monobasic, dibasic) against strong base.		
		v. Study of saponification reaction conductometrically.		

		vi. Verification of Ostwald's dilution law and determination of Ka of weak acid.		
CHEM-MIT- 2B		1. Kinetic Theory of Gases and Real gasesa. Concept of pressure and temperature; Collision of gas molecules; Collision diameter; Collision number and mean free path; Frequency of binary collisions (similar and different molecules); Rate of 		
[4 Credit] [60 Classes] Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal Assessment 15)	Physical-1 & Inorganic -2	b. Nature of distribution of velocities, Maxwell's distribution of speed and kinetic energy; Average velocity, root mean square velocity and most probable velocity; Principle of equipartition of energy and its application to calculate the classical limit of molar heat capacity of gases	(9L)	RG
		c. Deviation of gases from ideal behavior; compressibility factor; Boyle temperature; Andrew's and Amagat's plots; van der Waals equation and its features; its derivation and application in explaining real gas behaviour; Existence of critical state, Critical constants in terms of van derWaals constants; Law of corresponding states		
		d. Viscosity of gases and effect of temperature and pressure on coefficient of viscosity(qualitative treatment only)		
		2. Liquids		
		Definition of Surface tension, its dimension and principle of its determination using stalagmometer; Viscosity of a liquid and principle of determination of coefficient of viscosity using Ostwald viscometer; Effect of temperature on surface tension and coefficient of viscosity of		AR
		a liquid (qualitative treatment only)		
		3. Solids Forms of solids, crystal systems, unit cells, Bravais lattice types, Symmetry elements; Laws of		

Crystallography - Law of constancy of interfacial angles, Law of rational indices; Miller indices of different planes and interplanar distance, Bragg's law; Structures of NaCl, KCl and CsCl treatment only); Defects in crystals; Glasses and liquid crystals.	4L	MTM		
4. Chemical Kinetics a. Introduction of qualitative rate law, order and molecularity; Extent of reaction; rate constants; Rates of First, second and nth order reactions and their Differential and integrated forms (with derivation); Pseudo first order reactions; Determination of order of a reaction by half-life and differential method; Opposing reactions, consecutive reactions and parallel reactions	(4L)			
b. Temperature dependence of rate constant; Arrhenius equation, energy of activation; Collision theory; Lindemann theory of unimolecular reaction; outline of Transition Stat theory (classical treatment)				
1. Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure a. Ionic Bonding: General characteristics of ionic bonding. lattice energy and solvation energy and their importance in the context of stability and solubility of ionic compounds. Born-Haber cycle and its applications, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment.	(5L)			
b. Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with suitable examples from s and p block elements of linear, trigonal planar, square planar, tetrahedral, trigonal bipyramidal and octahedral arrangements.	(20L)	MD4		
c. MO Approach: Rules for the LCAO method, bonding and antibonding MOs and their characteristics for s-s, s-p and p-p combinations of atomic orbitals,		VIIVI		
		nonbonding combination of orbitals,	(12L)	
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		MO treatment of homonuclear		
		diatomic molecules of 1st and 2nd		
		periods (including idea of s- p mixing).		
		2. Coordination Chemistry		
		a. Werner's coordination theory, Valence Bond Theory (VBT): Inner and outer orbital complexes of Cr, Fe,		
		and 6). Structural and stereoisomerism in complexes with coordination numbers 4 and 6.		
		b. Drawbacks of VBT. IUPAC system of nomenclature. Crystal Field Theory (CFT): Postulates of CFT, splitting of d-orbitals in octahedral and tetrahedral fields, Crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE), Crystal field effects for weak and strong fields. Factors affecting the magnitude of □. Spectrochemical series. Comparison of CFSE for Oh and Td complexes.		MH
		1. Determination of the surface tension of a liquid or a dilute solution using a Stalagmometer		
		2. Determination of the relative and absolute viscosity of a liquid or dilute solution using an Ostwald's viscometer		
CHEM-MIP- 2B	Physical-1	3. Study of the kinetics of acid hydrolysis of methyl acetate using hydrochloric acid.		
Practical.	&	Inorganic-2		
Full Marks: 20	Inorganic-2	Qualitative semi-micro analysis of mixtures containing three radicals. Emphasis should be given to the understanding of the chemistry of different reactions. Acid Radicals: Cl-, Br-, I-, NO2-, NO3-, S2-, SO42-, BO33-, H3BO3.Basic Radicals: K+, Ca2+, Sr2+, Ba2+, Cr3+, Mn2+, Fe3+, Ni2+.		
		Sr2+, Ba2+, Cr3+, Mn2+, Fe3+, Ni2+, Cu2+, NH4+.		

Courses	Course Title	Торіс	No. of Lectures (Inclusion of Tutorials)	Teachers
	Inorganic Chemistry – V	1. Molecular symmetry and Point group : Symmetry as a universal theme, concept of symmetry elements and operations (with examples); symmetry properties of atomic orbitals (s, p and d); concept of point groups, identification of molecular point groups in some simple molecules m and ions; applications of symmetry for polarity and chirality.	(10)	
CHEMHT-13		2. Bio-inorganic Chemistry:		
[4 Credit] [60 Classes] Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal Assessment 15)		Essential elements of life, Role of metal ions in living systems- a brief review, Elementary idea about proteins, enzymes and ionophores; Structure of ATP, Na+ ion pump and transport of Na+ and K+ across cell membrane; active site structures and bio-functions of haemoglobin, myoglobin, carboxy peptidase A, carbonic anhydrase B, cytochrome c, ferredoxins and chlorophyll; biological nitrogen fixation; toxic metals (Pb, Cd and Hg) and their effects, Wilson disease, chelation therapy; platinum and gold complexes as drugs (examples only).	(25)	АКК МН
		3. Organometallic Chemistry and Catalysis : Definition, Classification of organometallic compounds, hapticity of ligands, nomenclature, 16- electron & 18- electron rule and its applications; preparation and structure of mono- and bi- nuclear carbonyls of 3d series, synergic effect of CO and use of IR data to explain extent of back bonding; General methods of preparation of metal-carbon σ -bonded complexes, Zeise's salt, Metal-carbon multiple bonding; Preparation, structures, properties and reactions of ferrocene; elementary idea about oxidative addition, reductive elimination, insertion reactions; Study of the following catalytic processes: alkene hydrogenation (Wilkinson's catalyst), hydroformylation, Wacker process, Synthetic gasoline (Fischer Tropsch reaction) and Olefinpolymerization reaction (Ziegler-Natta catalyst)	(25) L	KKS

	Inorganic Chemistry – V	Qualitative semimicro analysis		
Inorganic Chemistry – V [2 credits = 20] Practical. Full Marks: 20		Qualitative semimicro analysis of mixtures containing four radicals (excluding oxide and carbonate). Emphasis should be given to the understanding of the chemistry of different reactions and to assign the most probable composition. Basic Radicals: K+ , NH ₄ ⁺ , Mg ²⁺ , Ca ²⁺ , Ba ²⁺ , Sr ²⁺ , Al ³⁺ , Cr ³⁺ , Mn2+, Fe3+/ Fe2+, Co2+, Ni ²⁺ , Cu ²⁺ , Zn ²⁺ , Pb ²⁺ , Cd ²⁺ , Bi ³⁺ , Sn ²⁺ / Sn ⁴⁺ , As3+/As5+, Sb3+/ Sb5+ Acid Radicals: Cl ⁻ , Br ⁻ , I ⁻ , S ²⁻ , SO ₄ ²⁻ , S ₂ O ₃ ²⁻ , SCN ⁻ , NO ₃ ⁻ , NO ₂ ⁻ , BO ₃ ³⁻ , PO ₄ ³⁻ , AsO ₄ ³⁻ and H ₃ BO ₃ Insoluble Materials: Cr ₂ O ₃ (ig), Fe ₂ O ₃ (ig), Al ₂ O ₃ , SnO ₂ , PbSO ₄ , BaSO ₄ , SrSO ₄	12L	MH AKK
	Organic	1. Carbocycles and Heterocycles:		
CHEMHT-14 [4 Credit] [60 Classes] Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal Assessment 15)	Chemistry – V	Polynuclear hydrocarbons and their derivatives: synthetic methods include Haworth, Bardhan-Sengupta, Bogert- Cook and other useful syntheses (with mechanistic details); fixation of double bonds and Fries rule; reactions (with mechanism) of naphthalene, anthracene, phenanthrene and their derivatives. Heterocyclic compounds: 5- and 6- membered rings with one heteroatom; reactivity, orientation and important reactions (with mechanism) of furan, pyrrole, thiophene and pyridine; synthesis (including retrosynthetic approach and mechanistic details): pyrrole: Knorr synthesis, Paal-Knorr synthesis, Hantzsch; furan: Paal-Knorr synthesis, Feist-Benary synthesis and its variation; thiophenes: Paal-Knorr synthesis, Hinsberg synthesis; pyridine: Hantzsch synthesis; benzo-fused 5- and 6-membered rings with one heteroatom: reactivity, orientation and important reactions (with mechanistic details) of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline; synthesis (including retrosynthetic approach and mechanistic details) of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline; synthesis (including retrosynthetic approach and mechanistic details) i indole; Fischer, Madelung and Reissert; quinoline: Skraup, Doebner- Miller,	(16L)	МТМ

Napieralski synthesis.		
2. Cyclic Stereochemistry: Alicyclic		
compounds: concept of I-strain;		
conformational analysis: cyclohexane,		
mono and disubstituted cyclohexane;		
symmetry properties and optical		
activity; topomerisation; ring-size and		
reactivity in cyclohexane system:		
consideration of steric and		
stereoelectronic requirements;		
elimination (E2, E1), nucleophilic		
substitution (SN1, SN2, SNi, NGP),		
merged substitution-elimination;		
cyclobexanol esterification		
saponification, lactonisation,		
epoxidation, pyrolytic syn elimination		
and fragmentation reactions.		
3. Pericyclic reactions: Mechanism.		
stereochemistry, regioselectivity in		
case of Electrocyclic reactions: FMO		
approach involving 4π - and 6π -electrons		
(thermal and photochemical) and		
corresponding cycloreversion reactions.		
Cycloaddition reactions: FMO		
approach, Diels-Alder reaction,	(10L)	мм
photochemical [2+2] cycloadditions.		
Sigmatropic reactions: FMO approach,		
sigmatropic shifts and their order; [1,3]-		
and [1,5]-H shifts and [5,5]-shifts with reference to Claisen and Cope		
rearrangements.		
4 Conhobydnotogi		
4. Carbonyurates.		
Monosaccharides: Aldoses up to 6		
Diffuctorse (configuration &		
conformation): ring structure of		
monosaccharides (furanose and		
pyranose forms): Haworth		
representations and non-planar		
conformations; anomeric effect		
(including stereoelectronic explanation);	(91)	
(mechanisms in relevant cases). Fischer	(ðL)	RG
glycosidation, osazone formation.		
bromine-water oxidation, HNO3		
oxidation. selective oxidation of		

	 terminal –CH2OH of aldoses, reduction to alditols, Lobry de Bruyn-van Ekenstein rearrangement; stepping–up (Kiliani-Fischer method) and stepping–down (Ruff's & Wohl's methods) of aldoses; end-group-interchange of aldoses; acetonide (isopropylidene) and benzylidene protections; ring-size determination; Fischer's proof of configuration of (+)-glucose. Disaccharides: Glycosidic linkages, concept of glycosidic bond formation by glycosyl donor-acceptor; structure of sucrose, inversion of cane sugar. Polysaccharides: starch (structure and its use as an indicator in titrimetric analysis). 5. Biomolecules: Amino acids: synthesis with mechanistic details: Strecker, Gabriel, acetamido, malonic ester azlactone 	(12L)	
	acetamido malonic ester, azlactone, Bücherer hydantoin synthesis, synthesis involving diketopiperazine; isoelectric point, zwitterions; electrophoresis, reaction (with mechanism): ninhydrin reaction, DakinWest reaction; resolution of racemic amino acids. Peptides: peptide linkage and its geometry; syntheses (with mechanistic details) of peptides using N-protection & C- protection, solid-phase (Merrifield) synthesis; peptide sequence: C-terminal and N-terminal unit determination (Edman, Sanger & 'dansyl' methods); partial hydrolysis; specific cleavage (enzymatic) of peptides: use of CNBr.		MM
	Nucleic acids: pyrimidine and purine bases (only structure & nomenclature); nucleosides and nucleotides corresponding to DNA and RNA; mechanism for acid catalysed hydrolysis of nucleosides (both pyrimidine and purine types); comparison of alkaline hydrolysis of DNA and RNA; elementary idea of double helical structure of DNA (WatsonCrick model); complimentary base–pairing in DNA.	(14L)	
CHEMHP-14Organi[2 credits = 20]Chemis	$\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{ic} \\ \mathbf{stry} - \mathbf{V} \end{array} 1. \text{TLC separation of a mixture} \end{array}$	20L	ММ

Practical.	containing 2/3 amino acids	
Full Marks: 20	2. TLC separation of a mixture of dyes (fluorescein and methylene blue)	
	3. Column chromatographic separation of leaf pigments from spinach leaves	
	4. Column chromatographic separation of mixture of dyes	
	5. Paper chromatographic separation of a mixture containing 2/3 amino acids6. Paper chromatographic separation of a mixture containing 2/3 sugars	
	Spectroscopic Analysis of Organic Compounds:	
	1. Assignment of labelled peaks in the 1H NMR spectra of the known organic	
	compounds explaining the relative δ -values and splitting pattern.	
	2. Assignment of labelled peaks in the IR spectrum of the same compound	
	explaining the relative frequencies of the absorptions (C-H, O-H, N-H, C-O, C-N, C-X, C=C, C=O, N=O, C≡C, C≡N stretching frequencies; characteristic bending vibrations are included).	
	3. The students must record full spectral analysis of at least 15 (fifteen)	
	compounds from the following list:	
	a. 4-Bromoacetanilide	
	b. 2-Bromo-4'-methylacetophenone	
	c. Vanillin	
	d. 2-Methoxyacetophenone	
	e. 4-Aminobenzoic acid	
	f. Salicylamide	
	g. 2-Hydroxyacetophenone	
	h. 1,3-Dinitrobenzene	
	i. Benzylacetate	
	j. trans-4-Nitrocinnamaldehyde	
	k. Diethyl fumarate	

		1. 4-Nitrobenzaldehyde		
		m. 4-Methylacetanilide		
		n. Mesityl oxide		
		o. 2-Hydroxybenzaldehyde		
		p. 4-Nitroaniline		
		q. 2-Hydroxy-3-nitrobenzaldehyde		
		r. 2,3-Dimethylbenzonitrile		
		s. Pent-1-yn-3-ol		
		t. 3-Nitrobenzaldehyde		
		u. 3-Ethoxy-4-hydroxybenzaldehyde		
		v. 2-Methoxybenzaldehyde		
		w. Methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate		
		x. Methyl 3-hydroxybenzoate		
		y. 3-Aminobenzoic acid		
		z. Ethyl 3-aminobenzoate		
		aa. Ethyl 4-aminobenzoate		
		bb. 3-nitroanisole		
		cc. 5-Methyl-2-nitroanisole		
		d. 3-Methylacetanilide		
CHEMHTDSE-3	Advanced	1. Crystal Structure	20 L	
[4 Credit] [60 Classes] Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal	Physical Chemistry	Bravais Lattice and Laws of Crystallography: Types of solid, Bragg's law of diffraction; Laws of crystallography (Haöy's law and Steno's law); Permissible		
Assessment 15)		symmetry axes in crystals; Lattice, space lattice, unit cell, crystal planes, Bravais lattice. Packing of uniform hard sphere, close packed arrangements (fcc and hcp).		AR
		Crystal planes: Distance between consecutive planes [cubic, tetragonal and	18 L	
		orthorhombic lattices]; Indexing of planes, Miller indices; calculation of dhkl;		
		Relation between molar mass and unit cell dimension for cubic system; Bragg's law (derivation). Determination of crystal structure: Powder method; Structure of NaCl and KCl crystals.		
		2. Statistical Thermodynamics		
		Configuration: Macrostates, microstates and		

		configuration; variation of W with E; equilibrium configuration. Boltzmann distribution: Thermodynamic probability, entropy and probability, Boltzmann distribution formula (with derivation); Applications to barometric distribution; Partition function, concept of ensemble - canonical ensemble and grand canonical ensembles. Partition function: molecular partition function and thermodynamic properties.	22 L	
		3. Special selected topics		AR
		Specific heat of solid: Coefficient of thermal expansion, thermal compressibility of solids; Dulong –Petit's law; Perfect Crystal model, Einstein's theory – derivation from partition function, limitations. 3rd law: Absolute entropy, Plank's law, Calculation of entropy, Nernst heat theorem. Polymers: Classification of polymers, nomenclature, Molecular forces and chemical bonding in polymers, Texture of Polymers; Criteria for synthetic polymer formation; Relationships between functionality, extent of reaction and degree of polymerization.		
		Computer Programming based on numerical methods for:		
CHEMHPDSE-3 [2 credits = 20] Practical. Full Marks: 20	Advanced Physical Chemistry	 i. Roots of equations: (e.g. volume of van der Waals gas and comparison with ideal gas, pH of a weak acid). ii. Numerical differentiation (e.g., change in pressure for small change in volume of a van der Waals gas, potentiometric titrations). iii. Numerical integration (e.g. entropy/ enthalpy change from heat capacity data), probability distributions (gas kinetic theory) and mean values. iv. Simple exercises using molecular visualization software. 		AR
CHEMHTDSE-4 [4 credits] Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal Assessment 15)	Project Work	A dissertation has to be prepared on consultation with teachers/mentors on a topic from any area of Chemistry. During examination a thorough viva-voce will be conducted by the examiners/adjudicators. The dissertation will be evaluated on the basis of written documents submitted by the candidate, originality and importance.		MH AKK RG MTM MM AR

CHEMHPDSE-4 [2 credits] Full Marks: 20	Project Work	A power point presentation has to be prepared and a short oral presentation will be considered for continuous evaluation. A PDF file/print copy of the power point will be required to be submitted.		
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DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

SRIPAT SINGH COLLEGE

JIAGANJ, MURSHIDABAD

EVEN SEMESTER SYLLABUS DISTRIBUTON FOR THE SESSION 2024-25

2nd semester under nep

Course Code	Course Title	Name of the	Course Content	Assigned Teacher	No. of Lectures
		Course			(inclusive
					of Tutorials)
BOT-MJ-CC-T-02	Biomolecules and Cell Biology	MAJOR (THEORY)	 Unit 1: Biomolecules 1. Types and significance of chemical bonds; Structure and properties of water; pH and buffers. 2. Carbohydrates: Nomenclature and classification; Monosaccharides; Disaccharides; Oligosaccharides and Polysaccharides. 3. Lipids: Definition and major classes of storage and structural lipids; Fatty acids structure and functions; Essential fatty acids; Triacyl glycerol structure, functions and properties; Phosphoglycerides. 4. Proteins: Structure of amino acids; Levels of protein structure-primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary; Protein denaturation and biological roles of proteins. 5. Nucleic acids: Structure of nitrogenous bases; Structure and function of nucleotides; Types of nucleic acids; Structure of t RNA. Unit 2: Bioenergetics 	SM	(20)
			Unit 3: Enzymes Menten equation, enzyme inhibition and factor affecting enzyme activity.	SM	(6)

Unit 4: The cell	DR	(4)
Cell as a unit of structure and function; Characteristics of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells; Origin of eukaryotic cell (Endosymbiotic Theory).		
Unit 5: Cell wall and plasma membrane Chemistry, structure and function of plant cell wall. Overview of membrane function; fluid mosaic model; Chemical composition of membranes; Membrane transport – Passive, active and facilitated transport, endocytosis and exocytosis.	RI	(4)
 Unit 6: Cell organelles 1. Nucleus: Structure-nuclear envelope, nuclear pore complex, nuclear lamina, molecularorganization of chromatin; nucleolus. 2. Cytoskeleton: Role and structure of microtubules, microfilaments and intermediary filament. 3. Chloroplast, Mitochondrion, and Peroxisome: Structural organization; Function; Semiautonomous nature of mitochondrion and chloroplast. 4. Endomembrane system: Endoplasmic Reticulum (ER) – Structure, targeting and insertion of protiens in the ER, protien folding, processing; Smooth ER and lipid synthesis, export of protiensand lipids; Golgi Apparatus – organization, protein glycosylation, protein sorting and export fromGolgi Apparatus; Lysosome 5. Organelle without membranes: Ribosomes – structure and function 	RI (2,4,5), DR (1,3)	(20)
Unit 7: Cell division	RI	7

			Phases of eukaryotic cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis;		
			Regulation of cell cycle- checkpoints, role of protein kinases.		
BOT-MJCC-P-02	Biomolecules and Cell Biology	Major (Practical)	 Qualitative tests for carbohydrates, reducing sugars, non-reducing sugars, lipids and proteins. Study of plant cell structure with the help of epidermal peel mount of <i>Allium cepa/Rhoeo/Crinum</i>. Demonstration of the phenomenon of protoplasmic streaming in Hydrilla leaf. Measurement of cell size by the technique of micrometry. Counting the cells per unit volume using haemocytometer (Yeast/pollen grains). Study of cell and its organelles with the help of electron micrographs. Cytochemical staining of: DNA- Feulgen and cell wall in the epidermal peel of onion usingPeriodic Schiff's (PAS) staining technique (demonstration only). Study the phenomenon of plasmolysis and deplasmolysis. Study different stages of mitosis and meiosis. 	SM (1,5,8) RI (2,3,9) DR (4,6,7)	60
BOT-SEC-T-02	: MEDICINAL BOTANY	THEORY	 Unit 1: History, Scope and Importance of Medicinal Plants. Indigenous Medicinal Sciences; Definition and Scope - Ayurveda: History, origin, panchamahabhutas, saptadhatu and tridosha concepts, Rasayana, plants used in ayurvedic treatments, Siddha: Origin of Siddha medicinal systems, Basis of Siddha system, plants used in Siddha medicine. Unani: History, concept: Umoor-e-tabiya, tumors treatments/ therapy, polyherbal formulations. Unit 2: Conservation of endangered and endemic medicinal plants. Definition: endemic and endangered medicinal plants, Red list criteria; In situ conservation: Biosphere reserves, sacred groves, National Parks; Ex situ conservation: Botanic Gardens, Ethnomedicinal plant Gardens. Propagation of Medicinal Plants: Objectives of the nursery, its classification, important components of a nursery, sowing, pricking, use of green house for nursery production, propagation through cuttings, layering, grafting and budding. Unit 3: Ethnobotany and Folk medicines. Definition; Ethnobotany in India: Methods to study ethnobotany; Applications of 	SM RI DR	

BOT-SEC-P-02-A		Practical	medicines of ethnobotany, ethnomedicine, ethnoecology, ethnic communities of India. Application of natural products to certain diseases- Jaundice, cardiac, infertility, diabetics, blood pressure and skin disease. Make a field report on the important medicinal plants (at least 10) used by local inhabitants.	SM, RI, DR	
LIN SEMESTER 1 OR 2)	COBES, ALGAE, FUNGI PHYTES	HEORY)	 Unit 1: Microbes Virus- General structure, replication (general account), DNA virus (T-phage); Lytic and Lysogenic cycle, RNA virus (TMV); Economic importance; Bacteria- General characteristics and cell structure; Reproduction- conjugation, transformation and transduction; Economic importance. Unit 2: Algae General characteristics: reproduction; Classification 	BC BC	10
BOT-MI-CC-T-01 (EITHER	BIODIVERSITY OF MICR AND BRYOI	MINOR (TE	of algae by Fritsch (1935); Economic importance of algae. Unit 3: Fungi Introduction: General characteristics, cell wall composition, reproduction and classification (Alexopoulos, Mims and Blackwell 1996); Symbiotic associations- Lichens: General account; Mucorrhize: actomycorrhize and andomycorrhize	SY	12

		Unit 4: Bryophyte General characteristics; adaptations to land habit; classification following Smith G.M. (1955); Economic importance of bryophytes with special mention of <i>Sphagnum</i>	SY	10
BOT-MI-CC-P-01 (EITHER IN SEMESTER 1 OR 2)	MINOR (PRACTICAL)	 1.EMs/Models of viruses -T-Phage and TMV. 2. Types of Bacteria -from temporary/permanent slides/photographs. 3. Gram staining. 4. Algae- (Study from permanent slides/ permanent slide/preserved specimen) -Nostoc, Oedogonium, Chlamydomonas and Fucus 5. Fungi- (Study from permanent slides/ permanent slide/preserved specimen)- Rhizopus and Penicillium, Agaricus (Section of gills). 6. Lichens: Study of growth forms of Lichens (crustose, foliose and fruticose). 7. Mycorrhiza: ectomycorrhiza and endomycorrhiza (Photographs). 8. Bryophyte-(Study from permanent slides/ permanent slide/preserved specimen)- Marchantia (morphology of thallus, VS of antheridiophore, archegoniophore), Funaria (morphology, LS ofcapsule). 	BC (1,2,3,4) SY (5,6,7,8)	

4TH SEMESTER UNDER NEP

Course Code	Course Title	Name of the Course	Course Content	Assigned Teacher	No. of Lectures (inclusive of
	0,0		Unit 1: Classification of Bryophytes Modern concepts in bryophyte classification with special reference to Shaw and Goffinet (2000).	RI	(20)
MJCC-T-04	HYTES AN DOPHYTES	R (THEORY)	Unit 2: Type Studies of Bryophyte Range of thallus organisation; Systematic position, morphology, anatomy and reproduction of <i>Riccia</i> , <i>Marchantia</i> , <i>Pellia</i> , <i>Anthoceros</i> , <i>Sphagnum</i> and <i>Funaria</i> .	RI	(4)
BOT-	BRYOP	Ofem	Unit 3: Origin and Evolution of Bryophytes Origin of bryophytes; Origin of alternation of generation (Homologous and Antithetic theories); Evolution of sporophyte (Progressive and Regressive concepts). Evolutionary trends in <i>Riccia, Marchantia, Anthoceros</i> and <i>Funaria</i> .	RI	(6)

Unit 4: Basic concepts of Pteridophytes	BC	(4)
Life cycle patterns of homosporous and heterosporous pteridophytes; Apospory and Apogamy; Habitat diversity.		
Unit 5: Classification of Pteridophytes	BC	(4)
Classification of pteridophytes by Smith et. al. (2006) with diagnostic features and example.		
Unit 6: Type Studies of Pteridophytes	SM (Lycon	(20)
Systematic position, morphology, anatomy and reproduction of <i>Psilotum, Lycopodium, Selaginella, Equisetum,</i>	odiun, Selagin	
Ophioglossum, Pteris and Marsilea.	ella, Equiset	
	um, Pteris)	
Unit 7: Origin and Evolution of Pteridophytes	BC	7
Origin of pteridophytes; Telome concept in land plant evolution; Structural features, geological and geographical distributions and evolutionary trends in early land plants <i>Cooksonia, Rhynia, Lepidodendron</i> and <i>Calamites</i>		

			Unit 1. Riccia Morphology of thellus T.S. of thellus and sporophyte	SM (7-	60
			Unit 2. Marchantia Morphology of thallus, whole mount of rhizoids and Scales, vertical section of thallus through Gemma cup (all temporary slides), vertical section of Antheridiophore, Archegoniophore, longitudinal section of Sporophyte. Unit 3. Anthoceros Morphology of thallus, vertical section of thallus	RI (1- 6)	
			and sporophyte (permanent slide). Unit 4. Pellia Whole mount of thallus showing leaf arrangement and sporophyte (Permanent slides).		
4	PHYTES		Unit 5. Sphagnum Whole mount of leaf and sporophyte (L.S.) (permanent slides).		
lJCC-P-0	BRYOPHYTES AND PTERIDO	r (Practical)	Unit 6. Funaria Morphology, whole mount of plant (temporary slides); permanent slides showing longitudinal section of capsule.		
BOT-M		Major	Unit 7. Psilotum Morphology, transverse section of synangium (permanent slide)		
			Unit 8 . Lycopodium Morphology, transverse section of stem, whole mount of sporophyll (temporary slides), longitudinal section of strobilus.		
			Unit 9 . Selaginella Morphology, whole mount of leaf with ligule, transverse section of stem, whole mount of microsporophyll and megasporophyll (temporary slides), longitudinal section of strobilus.		
			Unit 10. Equisetum Morphology, transverse section of node and internode, longitudinal section of strobilus, transverse section of strobilus.		
			Unit 11. Pteris Morphology, transverse section of leaflet showing sporangium.		
<u>1</u> 8	PER)	R (S	Unit 1: Progymnosperms	DR	
30T-M		MAJO THEOR	Development of Progymnosperm concept; Diagnostic features of Progymnospermophyta.		
I	<u>ن</u>		Unit 2: Classification	DR	

			Classification of gymnosperm by Gifford and Foster (1989)		
			with diagnostic fostures and examples (from division		
			Neridespermentate to Costendute)		
			Pteridospermophyta to Gnetophyta).	D.D.	
			Unit 3: Type Studies of Gymnosperms	DR	
			Systematic position, vegetative and reproductive morphology		
			of sporophyte, wood anatomy, development of		
			gametophyte, and embryogeny of Cycas, Pinus, Ginkgo,		
			Ephedra, Gnetum; Indian distribution of each taxa.		
			Unit 4: Origin and Evolution of Gymnosperms	DR	
			Origin and evolution of seed habit; Structural features,		
			geological and geographical distribution, evolutionary trends		
			in reconstructed genera Lyginopteris, Williamsonia, Cordaites		
			Unit 5: Introduction to Palaeobotany	SM	
			Definition of Palaeobotany and Fossil; Uses of fossils.		
			Unit 6: Plant fossil & their age determination	SM	
			Rocks containing plant fossils; Environments for fossilization;		
			Modes of preservation (after James M. Schopf, 1975);		
			Perfection of preservation; Geological ages in time scale;		
			Radiometric dating method for age determination of fossil		
			with special reference to radiocarbon dating		
			Unit 7: Study of plant fossil records	SM	
			Common form of evidences used in reconstruction of plant		
			fossils with examples; Nomenclature of plant fossils and their		
			problems; Appearance of major plant groups through		
			geological ages as evidenced from plant fossil records.		
			Unit 8: Evolutionary theories	SM	
			Mass extinction and the plant fossil record Evolutionary		
			theories- Phyletic gradualism and Punctuated equilibrium;		
			Patterns of evolutionary change in the plant fossil records;		
			Definition of mass extinction and five big mass extinction		
			events in Earth's history; Causes of no mass extinction in the		
			plant fossil records.		
			Unit 9: Gondwana land and plant fossil (Glossopteris)	SM	
			Concept of Gondwana land and their geological and		
			geographical distributions; Brief idea of Glossopteris plant		
			and its importance in establishing existence of Gondwana		
			I and; A brief account of three-fold classification of Indian		
			Gondwana system and major mega-fossil assemblages.	DD	
			Unit 1: Gymnosperms	DK	
S	0		<i>Cycas</i> - 1.5. of leaflet, morphology of microsporophyll and		
0-9	A A N		megasporophyll, L.s. of ovule.		
ū	N IA	al	Pinus - Transverse section of needle, longitudinal section of		
Ŷ	PER BO	ctic	male cone, longitudinal section of female cone (permanent		
MJ.	OSI EO	rac	slide), study of pollen from permanent slide.		
L-T	AN A	Ъ	Gnetum- Longitudinal section of stem, vertical section of		
BO	ا کر ۲		ovule (permanent slide).		
			Ephedra- Longitudinal section of stem, vertical section of		
			ovule (permanent slide).		

			Unit 2: Palaeobotany	SM	
			Study of external and internal morphology of fossils as representative of major plant groups through Page 34 geological ages (Rhynia- t.s. of stem, <i>Lepidodendron-</i> t.s. of stem, <i>Calamites-</i> t.s. of stem, <i>Glossopteris</i> leaf, <i>Ptilophyllum</i> - leaf, <i>Cordaites-</i> leaf, <i>Lyginopteris-</i> t.s. of stem, <i>Williamsonia-</i> fructification, any angiosperm leaf (from available specimens or photographs)		
			Unit 1: Pteridophytes:	SY	4
	SPERMS		General characteristics; Early land plants (<i>Cooksonia</i> and <i>Rhynia</i>); Systematic position, morphology, anatomy and reproduction of <i>Lycopodium</i> , <i>Selaginella</i> and <i>Pteris</i> (developmental details not to be included); Heterospory and seed habit; Economical importance		
5	OMY OF ANGIC		Unit 2: Gymnosperms: General characteristics; Systematic position, morphology, anatomy and reproduction of <i>Cycas</i> and <i>Pinus</i> (developmental details not to be included); Economic importance.	SY	3
EOR	ONO	X)	Unit 3: Morphology of Angiosperms:	BC	5
от-мі-сс-т-02(тні	крногобу & тах	MINOR (THEOH	Types of leaves; phyllotaxy; types of inflorescence; morphology of flowers – types of flowers, aestivation, floral formula and floral diagram, adhesion and cohesion of floral parts, placentation types; types of fruits and seeds.		
ā	VASCULAR PLANTS, MC		Unit 4: Introduction to angiosperm taxonomy: Identification, Classification, Nomenclature. Taxonomic hierarchy; Botanical nomenclature-Principles and rules (ICN); binominal system, typification, author citation; Types of classification - artificial, natural and phylogenetic. Outline of Bentham and Hooker (up to series) classification with merits and demerits. Salient features, Systematic position (Bentham & Hooker), economically important plants of the following families- Monocotyledon: Poaceae; Orchidaceae. Dicotyledon: Fabaceae (sensu stricto); Malvaceae; Solanaceae; Lamiaceae; Asteraceae. Functions of Herbarium, important herbaria and botanical gardens of India;	BC	13

		1 Unit 1: Lycopodium- morphology, WM of strobilus, (temporary slides), LS of strobilus (permanent slide). Selaginella- morphology, WM of strobilus, WM of microsporophyll and megasporophyll (temporary slides), LS of strobilus (permanent slide). Pteris- morphology, TS of leaflet.	SY	
BOT-MI-CC-P-02(PRACTICAL)	MINOR (PRACTICAL)	 Unit 2: Megasporophyll of <i>Cycas</i> (from preserved specimen); pollen grain of <i>Pinus</i> (from permanent slide). Unit 3: Study of vegetative and floral characters of the following families of the available genera distributed locally according to Bentham and Hooker's system of classification: Dicotyledon: Fabaceae (<i>sensu stricto</i>); Malvaceae; Solanaceae; Lamiaceae; Asteraceae. Spot identification (Scientific name and Family) of common wild plants from families included in theory syllabus. Field visits (2 local) and submission of properly preserved herbarium specimens of at least 15 common wild plants with herbarium label, proper field record and field notes. The herbarium specimens should be submitted during end term 	SY BC	

6th semester under cbcs

HONOURS

Course Code	Course Title	Course Content	Teacher Assigned	No. Of Lectures (Inclusive Of Tutorials)
UG-H-BOT- CC-T-13	Genetics	Unit 1: Mendelian genetics and its extension Mendelism: History; Principles of inheritance; Chromosome theory of inheritance; Autosomes and sex chromosomes; Incomplete dominance and codominance; Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles, Epistasis, Pleiotropy, Recessive and dominant traits; Polygenic inheritance	DR	10
		Unit 2: Extrachromosomal inheritance Chloroplast mutation: Variegation in Four o'clock plant (Mirabilis jalapa); Maternal effectsshell coiling in snail; Infective heredity- Kappa particles in Paramecium.	DR	5
		Unit 3: Linkage, crossing over and chromosome mapping	DR	5

		T	T
	Linkage and crossing over-Cytological basis of		
	crossing over; Recombination frequency, two factor		
	and three factor crosses; Three-point mapping;		
	Interference and coincidence.		
	Unit 4: Chromosome and nucleic acids	SM	6
	Physical and Chemical structure of chromosome;		
	DNA packaging (Kornberg's Nucleosome Model);		
	Structure of Nucleic acids - DNA, RNA; Types of DNA		
	(A, B and Z); DNA replication: Evidence for semi-		
	conservative replication (Messelson and Stahl);		
	Mechanism of bidirectional replication in bacteria.		
	Unit 5: Variation in chromosome number and	SM	6
	structure		Ū
	Deletion Dunlication Inversion Translocation		
	Position effect Fundaidy and Aneunlaidy		
	Unit 6: Eine structure of gape	SM	1
	Classical vs molecular concents of gone: Cis Trans	3111	-
	complementation test for functional allelism.		
	Structure of Dhogo T4, rill Locus		
	Structure of Pfldge 14, fil Locus.	CM	(
	Unit /: Gene mutations	SIVI	0
	Types of mutations; Molecular basis of Mutations;	(upto	
	Mutagens – physical and chemical (Base analogs,	intercata	
	deaminating, alkylating and intercalating agents);	lating	
	Detection of mutations: CIB method. Role of	agents)	
	Transposons in mutation. DNA repair mechanisms.	Rest RI	
	Unit 8: Central dogma and genetic code	RI	2
	Central Dogma, Genetic code (deciphering and		
	salient features)		
	Unit 9: Transcription	RI	9
	Transcription in prokaryotes; Principles of		
	transcriptional regulation: Concept of operon;		
	Structure and mode of control of inducible (lactose		
	operon of E. coli) and repressible (tryptophan		
	operon of E. coli) operons. Brief idea about		
	eukaryotic transcription.		
	Unit 10: Translation	RI	4
	Various steps of protein synthesis in prokaryotes		-
	Unit 11. Population genetics	RI	3
	Allele frequencies. Genotyne frequencies: Hardy-		5
	Weinberg Law		
	1 Mejosis through temporary smear preparation	RI	10
- 00-11-001- CC-D-12	2. Mendel's laws through cood ratios. Laboratory		10
(Dractical)	2. Wender's laws unough seed ratios. Laboratory	KI	10
(1 ractical)	exercises in probability and chi-square.	DD	10
	3. Unromosome mapping using three-point test cross	DK	10
		015	10
	4. Incomplete dominance and gene interaction	SM	10
	through seed ratios (9:7, 9:6:1, 13:3, 15:1, 12:3:1,		
	9:3:4).		
	5. Blood Typing: ABO groups and Rh factor	SM	10
	6. Study of aneuploidy: Down's, Klinefelter's and	DR	10
	Turner's syndromes.		

	-	-		
		7. Photographs/Permanent Slides showing	RI	
		Translocation Ring, Laggards and Inversion Bridge.		
UG-H-BOT-	Plant	Unit 1: Plant tissue culture	DR	16
CC-T-14	Molecular	Historical perspective; Composition of media;		
(Theory)	Biology	Nutrient and hormone requirements (role of		
	and	vitamins and hormones); Totipotency;		
	Biotechno	Organogenesis; Embryogenesis (somatic and		
	logy	zygotic); Protoplast isolation, culture and fusion;		
		Tissue culture applications (micropropagation,		
		androgenesis, virus elimination, secondary		
		metabolite production, haploids, triploids and		
		hybrids; Cryopreservation; Germplasm		
		Conservation).		
		Unit 2: Recombinant DNA technology	DR	12
		Restriction Endonucleases (History, Types I-IV,		
		biological role and application); Restriction Mapping		
		(Linear and Circular); Cloning Vectors: Prokaryotic		
		(pBR322, Ti plasmid, BAC); Lambda phage, M13		
		phagemid, Cosmid, Shuttle vector; Eukaryotic		
		Vectors (YAC).		
		Unit 3: Gene cloning	SM	10
		Recombinant DNA, Bacterial Transformation and		
		selection of recombinant clones, PCR mediated gene		
		cloning; Gene Construct; construction of genomic		
		and cDNA libraries, screening DNA libraries to obtain		
		gene of interest by genetic selection;		
		complementation, colony hybridization; PCR.		
		Unit 4: Methods of gene transfer	SM	8
		Agrobacterium-mediated, Direct gene transfer by		
		Electroporation, Microinjection, Microprojectile		
		bombardment; Selection of transgenics- selectable		
		marker and reporter genes (Luciferase, GFP).		
		Unit 5: Applications of biotechnology	RI	14
		Pest resistant (Bt-cotton); herbicide resistant plants		
		(Roundup Ready soybean); Transgenic crops with		
		improved quality traits (Flavr Savr tomato, Golden		
		rice); Improved horticultural varieties (Moondust		
		carnations); Role of transgenics in bioremediation		
		(Superbug); edible vaccines.		
UG-H-BOT-	1	1. Demonstration of preparation of MS medium; in	DR	20
CC-P-14		vitro sterilization and inoculation methods using leaf		
(PRACTIC		and nodal explants of tobacco, Datura, Brassica etc		
AL)		2. Study of anther, embryo and endosperm culture,	RI	
,		micropropagation, somatic embryogenesis and		
		artificial seeds through photographs.		
		3. Study of methods of gene transfer through	SM	
		photographs: Agrobacterium-mediated, direct gene		
		transfer by electroporation, microinjection,		
		microprojectile bombardment.		
		4. Study of steps of genetic engineering for	RI	10
		production of Bt cotton, Golden rice, Flavr Savr		-
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

		to contract the contract of the state of the	1	
		tomato through photographs.		
		5. Visit to a tissue culture laboratory/		
		biotechnological park.		
UG-H-BOT-	A.	Unit 1: Natural resources	DR	2
DSE-T-03	Biodiversit	Definition, types and distribution.		
(THEORY)	y and	Unit 2: Sustainable utilization	DR	8
	Conservati	Concept, approaches (economic, ecological and		
	on	socio-cultural).		
		Unit 3: Land	SM	8
		Utilization (agricultural, pastoral, horticultural,		
		silvicultural); Soil degradation, restoration,		
		conservation and management		
		Unit 4: Water	SM	8
		Fresh water (rivers, lakes, groundwater, aquifers,		
		watershed); Marine; Estuarine; Wetlands; Threats		
		and management strategies.		
		Unit 5: Biological Resources	SM	10
		Biodiversity- definition and types; Significance;		
		Threats; Management strategies; Bioprospecting;		
		Intellectual Property Regime (IPR); Convention on		
		Biological Diversity (CBD); National Biodiversity		
		Action Plan.		
		Unit 6: Forests	DR	6
		Definition, Cover and its significance (with special		
		reference to India); Major and minor forest		
		products; Depletion; Management.		
		Unit 7: Energy	RI	6
		Renewable and non-renewable sources of energy		
		Unit 8: Contemporary practices in resource	RI	8
		management		-
		Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA),		
		Geographical Information System (GIS), Participatory		
		Resource Appraisal, Ecological Footprint with		
		emphasis on carbon footprint: Resource Accounting:		
		Waste management.		
		Unit 9: National and international efforts in resource	RI	4
		management and conservation		
		National legislations: The Biological Diversity Act		
		2002: Forest Conservation Act. 1980: Case studies		
		relevant to resource management and conservation		
		(eg. World Heritage Sites (Natural)/ Sacred Groves/		
		Biodiversity Heritage Sites/ Protection of Plant		
		Varieties		
		varieties.	1	

UG-H-BOT- DSE-P-03 (PRACTICAL)	 Collection of data (qualitative and quantitative) on a local forest/ sacred grove cover (field visit). Collection of data (qualitative and quantitative) on a designated area under Protected Area Network (field visit). Collection of data (qualitative and quantitative) on a specific area exhibiting urban diversity (field visit). Measurement of dominance of woody species by DBH (diameter at breast height) method. Calculation and analysis of ecological footprint. 	RI DR SM	60
UG-H-BOT- DSE-P-04 (PRACTICAL)	Dissertation/ Project	(SM/RI/D R)	

PCC

COURSE CODE	COURS E TITLE	COURSE CONTENT	TEACH ER ASSIGN ED	
UG-BOT-G-	Α.	Unit 1: Natural resources	BC (1-5)	2
DSE-T-02	Biodiversit	Definition, types and distribution.	SY (6-9)	
	y and	Unit 2: Sustainable utilization		8
	Conservati	Concept, approaches (economic, ecological and		
	on	socio-cultural).		
		Unit 3: Land		8
		Utilization (agricultural, pastoral, horticultural,		
		silvicultural); Soil degradation, restoration,		
		conservation and management		
		Unit 4: Water		8
		Fresh water (rivers, lakes, groundwater, aquifers,		
		watershed); Marine; Estuarine; Wetlands; Threats		
		and management strategies.		
		Unit 5: Biological Resources		12
		Biodiversity- definition and types; Significance;		
		Threats; Management strategies; Bioprospecting;		
		Intellectual Property Regime (IPR); Convention on		
		Biological Diversity (CBD); National Biodiversity		
		Action Plan.		
		Unit 6: Forests		6
		Definition, Cover and its significance (with special		
		reference to India); Major and minor forest		
		products; Depletion; Management.		
		Unit 7: Energy		6
		Renewable and non-renewable sources of energy		
		Unit 8: Contemporary practices in resource		8
		management		

		Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), Geographical Information System (GIS), Participatory Resource Appraisal, Ecological Footprint with emphasis on carbon footprint; Resource Accounting; Waste management. Unit 9: National and international efforts in resource management and conservation National legislations: The Biological Diversity Act, 2002; Forest Conservation Act, 1980; Case studies relevant to resource management and conservation (eg. World Heritage Sites (Natural)/ Sacred Groves/ Biodiversity Heritage Sites/ Protection of Plant Varieties		4
UG-BOT-G- DSE-P-02		 Collection of data (qualitative and quantitative) on a local forest/ sacred grove cover (field visit). Collection of data (qualitative and quantitative) on a designated area under Protected Area Network (field visit). Collection of data (qualitative and quantitative) on a specific area exhibiting urban diversity (field visit). Measurement of dominance of woody species by DBH (diameter at breast height) method. Calculation and analysis of ecological footprint. 	BC	60
UG-BOT-G- SEC-T-04 (Theory)	A. Ethnobota ny	 Unit 1: Ethnobotany Introduction, concept, scope and objectives; Ethnobotany as an interdisciplinary science. The relevance of ethnobotany in the present context; Major and minor ethnic groups or tribals of India, and their life styles. Plants used by the tribals: a) food plants b) intoxicants and beverages c) Resins and oils and d) miscellaneous uses. Unit 2: Methodology of Ethnobotanical studies a) Field work b) Herbarium c) Ancient Literature d) Archaeological findings e) temples and sacred places. Unit 3: Role of ethnobotany in modern medicine Medico-ethnobotanical sources in India; Significance of the following plants in ethno botanical practices (along with their habitat and morphology) a) Azadirachta indica b) Ocimum sanctum c) Vitex negundo d) Gloriosa superba e) Tribulus terrestris f) Pongamia pinnata g) Cassia auriculata h) Indigofera tinctoria. Role of ethnobotany in modern medicine with special reference to Rauvolfia sepentina, Trichopus zeylanicus, Artemisia spp., Withania somnifera. Role of ethnic groups in conservation of plant genetic resources. Endangered taxa and forest management (participatory forest management). 	BC (1,2) SY (3,4)	30

Unit 4: Ethnobotany and legal aspects	
Ethnobotany as a tool to protect interests of ethnic	
groups. Sharing of wealth concept with few	
examples from India. Biopiracy, Intellectual Property	
Rights and Traditional Knowledge.	

SM: DR SUCHETANA MUKHERJEE

RI: DR ROUSHAN ISLAM

DR: DEBRAJ ROY

BC: BHASWATI CHATTOPADHYAY

SY: SABINA YEASMIN

SRIPAT SINGH COLLEGE ACADEMIC CALENDAR: SESSION- JAN 2025-JUNE 2025

Stream: Science

DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES IN DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY 2ND SEMESTER (MAJOR)

Course Code	Course Title	Торіс	Total no. of	Teachers
			Lectures	
		Module 1: Introduction to Chordates	6	AB
ZOO-MJ-T-201		Module 2: Origin of Chordata	6	HGT
[4 credits]	Introduction to	Module 3: Origin of Chordata	6	SH
[4 Classes PW] Full Marks: 55	Chordate	Module 4: Agnatha	6	SB
(End Sem.	Diversity and its	Module 5: Pisces	6	DM
Assessment	zoogeographical	Module 6: Amphibia	6	SH
10+Attendance in	distribution	Module 7: Reptilia	6	AB
Classes 05)		Module 8: Aves	6	HGT
		Module 9: Mammals	7	AB
		Module 10: Zoogeography	10	SD
ZOO-MJ-P-201		Identification of	60	SB
[2 credits] [4 Classes PWI Full	Introduction to	1. Protochordata		SH
Marks: 20 (End Sem.	Chordate	2. Agnatha		AB
20)	Diversity and its	3. Fishes		HGT
	zoogeographical	4. Amphibia		DM
	distribution Lab	5. Reptilia preparation of dichotomous		SD
		key for identification of poisonous and		UG
		non-poisonous snakes.		
		6. Mammalia		
		7. Dissection of brain and pituitary of		
		Rohu/Catla/Mrigal		
		8. Power point presentation on study of		
		any two animals from two different		
		class.		
		Module 1: Aquaculture methods	9	SB
ZOO-SEC-2		Module 2: Different systems of	9	SH
[3 Classes	Basic concept of	aquaculture	9	AB
PW] Full Markey 45 (Fred	Aquaculture,		0	нст
Sem. 35+Field Study	hrooding and	Aquaculture technology	5	
10)	Integrated fich	Module 4: Induced breeding	9	DM
	farming	Module 6: Entrenreneurshin in	9	SD
	iaiiiiig			UG

<mark>MINOR</mark>

Course Code	Course Title	Торіс	Total no. of	Teachers
			Lectures	
		Module 1: Integumentary System	6	HGT
ZOO-MI-T-201		Module 2: Skeletal System	6	HGT
[3 credits]	Comparative	Module 3: Digestive System	6	SB
[5 Classes PW]	anatomy and	Module 4: Circulatory System	6	SH
Full Marks: 35 (End	Developmental	Module 5: Respiratory System	6	SD
Sem. 25+Internal	Biology	Module 6: Urinogenital System	6	DM
Assessment 10)		Module 7: Nervous System	6	SD
		Module 8: Sense Organs	6	AB
		Module 9: Developmental Biology	6	AB
		1. Study of placoid, cycloid and ctenoid	5	SB
ZOO-MI-P-201		scales.		SH
[1 credits]	Comparative	2. Study of disarticulated skeleton.		
[2 Classes PW]	anatomy and	3. Demonstration of Carapace and	10	AB
Full Marks: 15 (End	Developmental	plastron.	5	HGT
Sem. 15)	Biology Lab	4. Dissection of Tilapia/carp: Circulatory	10	DM
		system/urinogenital system;	6	SD
		brain/pituitary.	σ	ענ
		5. Study of whole mounts of		UG
		developmental stages of chick .		

4TH SEMESTER MAJOR

Course Code	Course Title	Торіс	Total no. of	Teachers
			Lectures	
ZOO-MJ-T-401		Module 1: Overview of Cells	8	AB
[4 credits] Full Marks: 55		Module 2: Plasma Membrane	8	SD
(End Sem.	Cell Biology	Module 3: Cytoplasmic organelles I	8	SB
40+Internal		Module 4: Cytoplasmic organelles II	8	SH
Assessment 10+Attendance in		Module 5: Cytoskeleton	8	SD
Classes 05)		Module 6: Nucleus	8	DM
		Module 7: Cell cycle and Cancer	8	HGT
		biology	8	
		Module 8: Cell Signaling		

ZOO-MJ-P-401		1. Preparation of temporary stained	10	SB
[2 credits]	Cell Biology Lab	squash of onion root tip to study		сц
Full Marks: 20 (End Som 20)		various stages of mitosis.		31
(End Sem. 20)		2. Preparation of various stages of		AB
		meiosis from temporary stained	10	нст
		squash of grasshopper testes.	10	1101
		3. Temporary preparation to		DM
		demonstrate:		SD
		a) DNA by Feulgen reaction.		50
		b) Cell viability by Trypan Blue	10	UG
		staining.		
ZOO-MJ-T-402	Biochemistry	Module 1: Carbohydrates	10	SB
[4 credits]		Module 2: Lipids	10	SD
Full Marks: 55		Module 3: Amino acids and Proteins	10	SH
(End Sem.		Module 4: Nucleic acids	10	AB
40+Internal		Module 5: Enzymes	10	HGT
Assessment		Module 6: Ovidative Phosphorylation	10	DM
10+Attendance			10	DIVI
in Classes 05)			_	
ZOO-MJ-P-402	Biochemistry Lab	1. Qualitative tests of functional	5	SB
[2 credits]		groups in carbohydrates, proteins and		SH
Full Marks: 20		lipids.	5	
(End Sem. 20)		2. Quantitative estimation of proteins		AB
		by Lowry Method.	5	HGT
		3. Demonstration/virtual lab/Dry lab		
		of paper chromatography of amino	5	DIVI
		dcius.	5	SD
		4. Demonstration/virtual lab/Dry lab	_	
		5 Wet lab: to study the enzymatic	5	DG
		activity of Trypsin or Lipase		
		6 Wet lab: To perform the Acid or	5	
		Alkaline phosphatase assay from		
		sorum/tissua/soil		
		seruiny ussue/suil		1

4TH SEM MINOR

Course Code	Course Title	Торіс	Total	Teachers
			no. of	
			Lectures	
ZOO-MI-T-201	Comparative	Module 1: Integumentary System	6	HGT
[3 credits]	anatomy and	Module 2: Skeletal System	6	HGT
[3 Classes PW]	ses PW]	Module 3: Digestive System	6	SB
Full Marks: 35	Piology	Module 4: Circulatory System	6	SH
25+Internal	Module 5: Respiratory System	6	SD	
Assessment 10)		Module 6: Urinogenital System	6	DM
·····		Module 7: Nervous System	6	SD
		Module 8: Sense Organs	6	AB
		Module 9: Developmental Biology	6	AB

ZOO-MI-P-201 [1 credits] Comp [2 Classes PW] anato Full Marks: 15 (End Sem. 15) Biolo	 1. Study of placoid, cycloid and ctenoid scales. 2. Study of disarticulated skeleton. 3. Demonstration of Carapace and plastron. 4. Dissection of Tilapia/carp: Circulatory system/urinogenital system; brain/pituitary. 5. Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick. 	5 10 5 10 6	SB SH AB HGT DM SD UG
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6TH SEMESTER HONOURS

Course Code	Course Title	Торіс	Total no. of	Teachers
			Lectures	
ZOOL-H-CCT-13		Unit 1: Early Embryonic	15	SB
[4 credits]		Development Unit 2: Late Embryonic		
Full Marks: 55 (End Sem. 40+Internal	Developmental	Development	15	DM
Assessment	Biology	Unit 3: Post Embryonic	15	
10+Attendance in		Development	15	AB
Classes 05)		Unit 4: Implications of	15	SD
		Developmental Biology		
ZOOL-H-CCP-13		1.Study of whole mounts of	8	SB
[2 credits]		developmental stages of chick		SH
Full Marks: 20 (End Sem 20)	Developmental	2. Study of the developmental stages	8	511
Sem.20)		and life cycle of Drosophila	_	AB
	BIOIOGY LAD	3. Study of different sections of	8	HGT
		placenta	0	DM
		4. Project report on Drosophila	0	60
		culture/aspects of chick embryo	8	SD
		development.		UG
ZOOL-H-CCT-14		Unit-1 Geological time scale	12	SB
[4 creatts] Full Marks: 55 (End	Evolutionary	Unit-2 Population genetics	12	SD
Sem. 40+Internal	Biology	Unit-3 Species concept	12	AB
Assessment	ылову	Unit-4 Origin and Evolution of Man	12	DM
10+Attendance in Classes 05)		Unit-5 Phylogenetic trees	12	HGT

	•			<u>.</u>
ZOOL-H-DSET-04		Unit 1: Introduction to Parasitology	10	SB
[4 credits] Full Marks: 75 (End		Unit 2: Parasitic Protists	10	SH
Sem. 40+Power point		Unit 3: Parasitic Platyhelminthes	10	
presentation 20, viva-	Parasitology	Unit 4: Parasitic Nematodes	10	АВ
voce 15)	Tarasitology	Unit 5: Parasitic Arthropods	10	HGT
		Unit 6: Parasite Vertebrates	10	DM
				SD
				UG
ZOOL-H-DSET-06		Unit 1: Introduction to Biology of	8	SD
[4 credits] Full Marks: 55 (End		Insect	8	SH
Sem. 40+Internal	Biology of	Unit 2: Insect Taxonomy	8	HGT
Assessment	Insecta	Unit 3: General Morphology of	0	CU.
Classes 05)		Insects	8	SH
		Unit 4: Physiology of Insects	8	SB
		Unit 5: Insect Society	8	AB
		Unit 6: Insect Plant Interaction	8	ΡМ
		Unit 7: Insects as Vectors	0	DIVI
ZOOL-H-DSEP-06		1. Study of life cycle of Mosquito,	6	SB
Full Marks: 20 (End		various castes of Apis, Camponotus,		SH
Sem.20)	Biology of	Odontotermes		AB
	Insecta	2. Methodology of collection and	6	
	Lab	preservation.		HGI
		3. Key to common insect orders.	6	DM
		4. Mounting of wings, different kinds	c	SD
		of antennae, legs and mouth parts of	6	
		insects	6	00
		5. Submission of collected, preserved	C C	
		and mounted representative insects		

6TH SEMESTER PCC

Course Code	Course Title	Торіс	Total no. of	Teacher
			Lectures	S
ZOOL-H-DSET-06		Unit 1: Introduction to Biology of Insect	8	SD
[4 credits]		Unit 2: Insect Taxonomy	8	SH
(End Sem.	Biology of	Unit 3: General Morphology of Insects	0	ЦСТ
40+Internal	Insecta	Unit 4: Physiology of Insects	õ	пот
Assessment 10+Attendance in Classes 05)		Unit 5: Insect Society	8	SH
		Unit 6: Insect Plant Interaction	8	SB
		Unit 7: Insects as Vectors	8	AB
			8	DM
ZOOL-H-DSEP-06		1. Study of life cycle of Mosquito, various castes	6	SB
[2 credits] Full Marks: 20		of Apis, Camponotus, Odontotermes		SH
	Biology of	2. Methodology of collection and preservation.	6	

(End Sem.20)	Insecta	3. Key to common insect orders.	6	AB
	Lab	4. Mounting of wings, different kinds of	6	HGT
		antennae, legs and mouth parts of insects 5. Submission of collected, preserved and	6	DM
		mounted representative insects		SD
				UG
ZOOL-H-SEC-04		Unit 1: Diagnostics Methods Used for Analysis	4	SB
[2 credits]		of Blood	4	SD
Full Marks: 50 (End Sem 40	Medical	Unit 2: Diagnostic Methods Used for Urine	4	SH
Internal	Diagnostic	Analysis	4	HGT
Assessment 10)	Techniques	Unit 3: Non-Infectious Diseases	4	DM
		Unit 5: Clinical Biochemistry	4	SB
		Unit 6: Clinical Microbiology	4	UG
		Unit 7: Tumors	4	
		Unit 8: Lab visit		

ABBREVIATIONS:

UG – Uttam Ghosh HGT – Dr. Himadri Guhathakurta SD – Dr. Sajal Kr. Dey SH – Sunita Hansda AB – Abhishek Bagdi DM – Debabrata Mondal SB – Sangita Bhatta

SRIPAT SINGH COLLEGE

ACADEMIC CALENDAR: SESSION- JAN'25-JUNE'25

Stream: Science

DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES IN SEMESTER-II (NEP): JANUARY 2025 - JUNE 2025 DEPARTMENT OF MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

Courses	Course	Торіс	No .of	Teacher
	title		lectures	
			(inclusive of	
			Tutorials)	
Course category:MBBT – M-T-2.(The) 4-credit Full marks :55 (Theory 40+Internal Assessment 10+Attendence 05)	CELL BIOLOGY	*UNIT-1:Cell: Introduction and classification of organisms by cell structure, cytosol, compartmentalization of eukaryotic cells, cell fractionation, visualisation of cells Cell Membrane and Permeability: Chemical components of biological membranes, organization and Fluid Mosaic Model,	10	AB+DM
		membrane as a dynamic entity, cell recognition and membrane transport. *UNIT-2:Membrane Vacuolar	15	AB+DM
		system, cytoskeleton, and cell motility: Structure and function of microtubules, Microfilaments, Intermediate filaments Endoplasmic reticulum: Structure, function including role in protein segregation. Golgi complex: Structure, biogenesis and functions including role in		
		 protein secretion. Lysosomes: Vacuoles and micro bodies: Structure and functions. *UNIT-3 Ribosomes: Structures and function 	20	AB+DM
		including role in protein synthesis. Mitochondria: Structure and function, Genomes, biogenesis Chloroplasts: Structure and		

		function, genomes, biogenesis Nucleus: Structure and function, chromosomes, and their structure Extracellular Matrix: Composition, molecules that mediate cell adhesion, membrane receptors for extra cellular matrix, macromolecules, regulation of receptor expression and function.	15	AB+DM
		*UNIT-4: Cell Signaling: Principles of cell signaling, Signaling through G protein coupled receptor and enzyme coupled receptors, Signaling routes in regulation of gene expression Cell Cycle: Overview of the cell cycle, Cell cycle control system, Control of cell division and cell growth Cancer: Carcinogenesis, agents promoting carcinogenesis, characteristics, and molecular		
Course	CELI	basis of cancer.		
category:MBBT – M-P-2.(Pract) 2-credit Full marks:20	BIOLOGY(PRACT)	 temperature and organic solvents on semi permeable membrane. Demonstration of dialysis. 3. Study of plasmolysis and de- plasmolysis 		BB
		 plasmolysis. 4. Cell fractionation and determination of enzyme activity in organelles using sprouted seed or Yeast cell. 5. Study of structure of any Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell. 6. Microtomy: Fixation, block making, section cutting, double staining of animal tissues like liver, oesophagus, stomach, pancreas, intestine, kidney, ovary, testes. 7. Cell division in onion root tip/ insect gonads. 8. Preparation of Nuclear, Mitochondrial & cytoplasmic fractions. 		

Course	MICROBIA	*UNIT-1: Bacterial Viral	15	
category:MBBT -	L	Fungal and Protozoan Diseases		SB+MB
SEC- T-2.(The)	DIAGNOSI	of various human body		
4-credit	S IN	systems. Disease associated		
Full marks :55	HEALTH	clinical samples for diagnosis.		
(Theory	CLINICS	How to collect clinical samples		
40+Internal		(oral cavity, throat, skin,		
Assesment		Blood, CSF, urine, and faeces)		
10+Attendence		and precautions required.		
05)		Method of transport of clinical		
,		samples to laboratory and		
		storage. Examination of		
		sample by staining - Gram		
		stain, Ziehl-Neelson staining		
		for tuberculosis, Giemsa-		
		stained thin blood film for		
		malaria; Preparation and use of		
		culture media - Blood agar,		
		Chocolate agar, Lowenstein-		
		Jensen medium, MacConkey	15	
		agar, Distinct colony		AB+DM
		properties of various bacterial		
		pathogens.		
		*UNIT-2. Serological Methods		
		- Agglutination ELISA		
		immunofluorescence. Nucleic		
		acid based methods - PCR.		
		Nucleic acid probes; Kits for		
		Rapid Detection of Pathogens-		
		typhoid, Dengue and HIV,		
		Swine flu. Testing for		
		Antibiotic Sensitivity in		
		Bacteria- Importance,	15	
		Determination of		
		resistance/sensitivity of		
		bacteria using disc diffusion		AB+DM
		method, Determination of		
		minimal inhibitory		
		concentration (MIC) of an		
		antibiotic by serial double		
		dilution method.		
		*UNIT-3: Application based		
		capacity building through		
		educational tours or virtual/		
		hands-on demonstration of		
		principles and concepts with		
		respect to the following:		
		1. Preparation and use of		
		culture media for culturing		
		various pathogenic		

 · · ·	l	1
microorganisms		
2. Determination of minimal		
inhibitory concentration (MIC)		
of an antibiotic.		
3. Serological Methods -		
Agglutination, ELISA		

SRIPAT SINGH COLLEGE

ACADEMIC CALENDAR: SESSION-JAN'25 - JUNE'25

Stream: Science

DISTRIBUTION OF COURSRS IN SEMESTER-II (NEP): JANUARY 2025 - JUNE 2025 DEPERTMENT OF: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

Courses	Course title	Торіс	No .of lectures (inclusive of	Teacher
			i utoriais)	
Course	BIOLOGICAL	UNIT-I: 1.1. Carbohydrates-	10	MB
category:	CHEMISTRY	Importance and classification		
MBBT – MI-		1.2. Structure, configuration, and		
1-1		biochemical importance of		
3-credit		Monosaccharides (Glucose and		
Full marks :55		Fructose) Oxidation, Reduction,		
(Theory		Osazone formation, Aldose		
40+Internal		&Ketose, Glycosides (Streptomycin,		
Assesment		Cardiac glycosides and Ouabain)		
10+Attendenc		1.3. Structure, configuration, and		
e 05)		biochemical importance of		
		Disachharides and glycosidic bond,		
		Mutarotation, Haworth projection		
		(Sucrose, Irehalose, Lactose,		
		Maltose, Isomaltose, Cellobiose)		
		1.4. Structure, and biochemical		
		Importance Polysaccharides (Starch,		
		Glycogen, Cellulose)		
		1.5. Lipids, Fatty acids-importance,		
		properties and classification, Simple		
		lipids-IAG, Complex lipids,		
		Derived lipids, sterois, Fatty acids:		
		Saturated and Unsaturated fatty		
		acids with examples.	15	CD
		UNIT IL 21 Classification	15	5B
		UNIT-II: 2.1 Ulassification,		
		succure, and physical and chemical		
		2.2 Enzymas classification cr. ¹		
		2.2 Enzymes-classification and		
		nomenclature. Michaelis-Menten		

		Equation-Factors influencing the enzyme reactions and Enzyme inhibition (Competitive and Non- competitive), role of co-enzymes. 2.4 Hormones, mode of action (Thyroid gland) 2.5 Vitamins- classification, sources, functions, and applications 2.6 Paper chromatography and Thin Layer Chromatography: Principles and Applications.	15	AB
		 UNIT-III: 3.1 Glycolysis 3.2 Gluconeogenesis and its significance 3.3 TCA Cycle, electron transport, Oxidative phosphorylation 3.4 Biosynthesis of Fatty acids - palmitoyl-CoA, Cholesterol, β-oxidation of fatty acid. 3.5 Transamination and Oxidative deamination reactions of amino acids. Amino acid catabolism (Phenyl ketonuria, albinism) UNIT-IV: 4.1 Urea cycle 	5	DM
Course category: MBBT–MI-P- 1 1 - credit Full marks:20	BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY (PRACT)	 4.2 Biosynthesis and regulation of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides, de novo and salvage pathways 1. Preparation of normal, molar, and gm% solutions. 2. Preparation of buffers. Qualitative tests of sugars, amino acids, and lipids. 3. Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography and TLC. 		BB
ACADEMIC CALENDAR : SESSION-JAN'25 - JUNE'25

Stream: Science

DISTRIBUTION OF COURSRS IN SEMESTER-IV (NEP): JANUARY 2025 - JUNE 2025 DEPERTMENT OF : MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

Courses	Course title	Торіс	No .of lectures	Teacher
			(inclusive of Tutorials)	
Course category: MBBT – M- T-4 4-credit Full marks :55 (Theory 40+Internal Assesment 10+Attenden ce 05)	GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY	 UNIT-I: 1.1 Fundamentals, History and Evolution of Microbiology. Classification of microorganisms: Microbial taxonomy, criteria used including molecular approaches, Microbial phylogeny and current classification of bacteria. 1.2 Microbial Diversity: Distribution and characterization Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells, Morphology and cell structure of major groups of microorganisms eg. Bacteria, Algae, Fungi, Protozoa and Unique features of viruses. 	10	SB+MB
				SB+MB
		 UNIT-II: 2.1 Cultivation and Maintenance of microorganisms: Nutritional categories of micro- organisms, methods of isolation, Purification and preservation. UNIT-III: 3.1 Microbial growth: Growth curve, Generation time, synchronous batch and continuous culture, measurement of growth and factors affecting growth of bacteria. 	10	SB+MB
		 3.2 Microbial Metabolism: Metabolic pathways, amphi- catabolic and biosynthetic pathways Bacterial Reproduction: Transformation, Transduction and Conjugation. Endospores and sporulation in bacteria. UNIT-IV: 4.1 Control of Microorganisms: By physical, chemical and chemotherapeutic 	20	SB+MB

		 Water Microbiology: Bacterial pollutants of water, coliforms and non-coliforms. Sewage composition and its disposal. 4.2 Food Microbiology: Important microorganism in food Microbiology: Moulds, Yeasts, bacteria. Major food born infections and intoxications, Preservation of various times of foods. Forwards 1 	20	
		Foods.		
Course category: MBBT – M- P-4 2-credit Full marks:20	GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY (PRACT)	 Isolation of bacteria & their biochemical characterization. Staining methods: simple staining, Gram staining, spore staining, negative staining, hanging drop. Preparation of media & sterilization methods, Methods of Isolation of bacteria from different sources. Determination of bacterial cell size by micrometry. Enumeration of microorganism - total & viable count. 		AB+DM
Course category: MBBT – M- T-5 4-credit Full marks :55 (Theory 40+Internal Assesment 10+Attenden ce 05)	BIOPHYSICS	 UNIT-I: 1.1 Atomic structure and bonding: Intermolecular attractions, hydrogen bonding, vanderwaals force, hydrophobic and hydrophilic bond, polar bond, properties of water. 1.2 Thermodynamics, reaction kinetics and energy transduction: Isolated, closed, and open systems; First and second laws of thermodynamics and their biological significance; Activation energy and transition-state theory; Different orders of chemical reactions, free energy, and chemical reaction. high energy phosphate compounds (ATP, creatine phosphate, thioesters). 1.3 General Biophysics and biochemistry– Acid, base, salt, buffers, pH, pK, Henderson, Hasselbalch equation, principle of measurement of pH. UNIT-II: 2.1 Isotopes and 	10	SB+MB
		radioactivity: Radioactivity, decay law, Radioactive labeling, Detection and measurement of radioactive	20	SB+MB

		dose by GM counter, scintillation counter, autoradiography. 2.2 Hydrodynamic properties: Surface tension, diffusion, osmosis, sedimentation at molecular level. Factors affecting them. 2.3 Centrifugation – Basic Principle of Centrifugation, Instrumentation of Ultracentrifuge (Preparative, Analytical), Factors affecting Sedimentation velocity, Standard Sedimentation of associating systems, Rate-Zonal centrifugation, sedimentation equilibrium Centrifugation. UNIT-III: 3.1 X-Ray Crystallography – X-ray diffraction, Bragg equation, Reciprocal lattice, Miller indices & Unit cell, Concept of different crystal structure [concept of rotating crystal method, powder method]. 3.2 Absorption Spectroscopy – Properties of light, molecular mechanism of the absorption of light by molecules, Beer-Lambert law, Factors affecting the absorption properties of a Chromophore. Infrared spectroscopy, Atomic absorption and emission spectroscopy – Raman Effect, Quantum mechanical reason of Raman effect, NMR Spectroscopy – Basic principle of NMR spectroscopy, Experimental technique & instrumentation, Chemical shift, Hyperfine splitting, Relaxation process.	20	AB+DM
Course category: MBBT – M- P-5	BIOPHYSICS (PRACT)	 Preparation of buffers: Citrate, Tris-HCl, Phosphate buffer. Use of pH meter Titration of amino acid (Glycine) for determination of nKa 		AB+DM

Full	4. ECG pattern study.	
marks:20	5. Column chromatography.	
	6. Interpretation and measurement of	
	X-ray diffraction pattern.	
	7. Verify Lambert-Beer's law by	
	Spectrophotometer.	
	8. Spectrophotometric determination	
	of unknown concentration of	
	biomolecules (Protein/ carbohydrate/	
	DNA/ RNA)	
	9. Study the activity of any enzyme	
	under optimum conditions	
	10. Paper chromatographic	
	separation technique: Separation of	
	amino acids and pigments after	
	extraction from plants.	
	11. Thin layer (TLC) & Column	
	chromatographic technique.	

ACADEMIC CALENDAR : SESSION-JAN'25 - JUNE'25

Stream: Science

DISTRIBUTION OF COURSRS IN SEMESTER-IV (NEP): JAN 2025 – JUNE 2025 DEPERTMENT OFMOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

Courses	Course title	Торіс	No .of lectures (inclusive of Tutorials)	Teacher
Course	BIOLOGY OF	UNIT-I: 1.1 The Discovery of	10	MB
category:	MICROORGANIS	Microorganisms and contributions		
MBBT – MI-	MS	of Louis Pasteur, and Edward		
T-2		Jenner, Leeuwenhoek, the Conflict		
3-credit		over spontaneous generation, Koch's postulates, the Scope and relevance		
Full marks :55		of Microbiology		
(Theory		1.2 An overview of procaryotic cell		
40+Internal		structure; procaryotic cell		
Assesment		membranes; the cytoplasmic matrix		
10+Attendenc		(inclusion bodies), ribosomes, the		
e 05)		nucleoid, the procaryotic cell wall		
		(gram positive & gram negative), the		
		mechanism of gram staining;		
		Components external to the cell wall		
		(capsules, slime layers, and s-layers;		
		pili and fimbriae), flagella and		

motility (flagellar ultrastructure, mechanism of flagellar movement, chemotaxis); the bacterial endospore	
UNIT-II: 2.1 Nutrient requirement for bacterial growth (macro- and micronutrients, purines, pyrimidines, amino acids, vitamins), iron Uptake and Siderophores, Nutritional Types of Microorganisms; types of media (synthetic, complex, differential media)	
2.2 Isolation of Pure Cultures (The Spread Plate and Streak Plate, The Pour Plate); the Growth Curve, the mathematics of growth Measurement of Microbial Growth (Cell Numbers, Cell Mass), The Continuous Culture of Microorganisms (Chemostat, Turbidostat)	MB
2.3 The Influence of Environmental Factors on Growth (extremophiles, Halophiles), effect of pH, Temperature (Psychrophiles, Mesophiles, thermophiles, hyperthermophiles) Pressure; Quorum Sensing and Microbial Populations	
2.4 The physical Methods used to control bacteria (Heat, Low Temperatures, Filtration, Radiation), The chemical Methods used to control bacteria (Phenolics, Alcohols, Halogens	
UNIT-III: 3.1 General Properties of Viruses, cultivation of Viruses, Viral multiplication, Attachment, entry, un-coating, replication, assembly, release, Cell transformations, Cultivation of viruses-Assay techniques	
3.2 The Structure of Viruses (Virion	

		 Size, General Structural Properties, Helical Capsids) types of viral nucleic Acids, Viral Envelopes and Enzymes 3.3 Animal viruses-Virus-Host interactions - Viral infections, plant viruses, bacteriophages 		
		3.4 Host response and antiviral agents, immune responses to viruses, interferon and other cytokines, antiviral therapy, vaccines against SARS nCOV-2 and the Covid19 pandemic	10	SB
		UNIT-IV: 4.1 Microbial Growth and Food Spoilage, Controlling Food Spoilage, Removal of Microorganisms (Low Temperature, High Temperature, Pasteurization) Chemical-Based Preservation, Radiation, bacteriocins		
		4.2 Food-Borne Diseases, Food- Borne Infection, Food-Borne Intoxications, Detection of Food- Borne Pathogens		
		4.3 Production of Fermented Milks (buttermilk, sour cream, and yogurt); Cheese Production; Production of Alcoholic Beverages (Wines and Champagnes, Beers and Ales, Distilled Spirits), Production of Breads, a brief concept on probiotics.	10	SB
Course category: MBBT–MI-P- 2 1 - credit	BIOLOGY OF MICROORGANIS MS(PRACT)	 Demonstration, use and care of microbiological equipment. Preparation of media, sterilization, and isolation of bacteria. 		BB
Full marks:20		 Simple staining of bacteria Gram staining of Bacteria 		

5 Endospore staining
 6. Demonstration of starch hydrolysis by bacterial cultures.
7. Growth of fecal coliforms on selective media.
8. Isolation of pure culture by streak plate method.
9. Antibiotic sensitivity assay.

ACADEMIC CALENDAR : SESSION-JAN'25 - JUNE'25

Stream: Science

DISTRIBUTION OF COURSRS IN SEMESTER-VI (CBCS): JANUARY 2025 - JUNE 2025 DEPERTMENT OF : MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

Courses	Course title	Торіс	No .of lectures (inclusive of Tutorials)	Teacher
Course category: MBBT 601(T) 4-credit Full marks :55 (Theory 40+Internal	BIO ANALYTICAL TOOLS	UNIT-I: Simple microscopy, phase contrast microscopy, florescence and electron microscopy (TEM and SEM), pH meter, absorption and emission spectroscopy.	10	AB+DM
Assesment 10+Attendence 05)		UNIT-II: Principle and law of absorption fluorimetry, colorimetry, spectrophotometry (visible, UV, infra-red), centrifugation, cell fractionation techniques, isolation of sub- cellular organelles and particles.	15 15	AB+DM AB+DM
		UNIT-III: Introduction to the principle of chromatography. Paper chromatography, thin layer chromatography, column chromatography: silica and gel filtration, affinity and ion		AB+DM

		exchange chromatography, gas chromatography, HPLC.	20	
		UNIT-IV: Introduction to electrophoresis. Starch-gel, polyacrylamide gel (native and SDS-PAGE), agarose-gel electrophoresis, pulse field gel electrophoresis, isoelectric focusing, Western blotting. Introduction to Biosensors and Nanotechnology and their applications.		
Course category: MBBT 601(P) 2-credit Full marks:20	BIO ANALYTICAL TOOLS (PRACT)	 Native gel electrophoresis of proteins SDS-polyacrylamide slab gel electrophoresis of proteins under reducing conditions. Preparation of the sub-cellular fractions of rat liver cells. Preparation of protoplasts from leaves. Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography. To identify lipids in a given sample by TLC. To verify the validity of Beer's law and determine the molar extinction coefficient of NADH. 		SB+MB
Course category: MBBT 602(T) 4-credit Full marks :55 (Theory 40+Internal Assesment 10+Attendence 05)	GENOMICS & PROTEOMICS	UNIT-I: Introduction to Genomics, DNA sequencing methods – manual & automated: Maxam & Gilbert and Sangers method. Pyrosequencing, Genome Sequencing: Shotgun & Hierarchical (clone contig) methods, Computer tools for sequencing projects: Genome sequence assembly software.	15	AB+DM
		UNIT-II: Managing and Distributing Genome Data: Web based servers and softwares for genome analysis: ENSEMBL, VISTA, UCSC Genome Browser, NCBI genome. Selected Model Organisms' Genomes and	10 20	AB+DM AB+DM

		Databases. UNIT-III: Introduction to protein structure, Chemical properties of proteins. Physical interactions that determine the property of proteins. Short-range interactions, electrostatic forces, van der waal interactions, hydrogen bonds, Hydrophobic interactions. Determination of sizes (Sedimentation analysis, gel filteration, SDS-PAGE); Native PAGE, Determination of covalent structures – Edman degradation.	15	AB+DM
		UNIT-IV: Introduction to Proteomics, Analysis of proteomes. 2D-PAGE. Sample preparation, solubilization, reduction, resolution. Reproducibility of 2D-PAGE. Mass spectrometry based methods for protein identification. De novo sequencing using mass spectrometric data.		
Course category: MBBT 602(P) 2-credit Full marks:20	GENOMICS & PROTEOMICS (PRACT)	 Use of SNP databases at NCBI and other sites Use of OMIM database Detection of Open Reading Frames using ORF Finder Proteomics 2D PAGE database Softwares for Protein localization. Hydropathy plots Native PAGE SDS-PAGE 		AB+DM
Course category: MBBT 604 (T) 4-credit Full marks :55 (Theory 40+Internal Assesment 10+Attendence 05)	BIOSTATISTICS	UNIT-I: Types of Data, Collection represntatioon of data; Primary & secondary data, Classification and Graphical data. Statistical skewness and measures of central tendency and Dispersion. Measures of Kurtosis. UNIT-II: Probability classical & axiomatic definition of probability, Theorems on total and compound	12 18	MB+SB MB+SB

		Binomial, Poisson and Normal		
		distributions.	10	
			18	MB+SB
		UNIT-III: Methods of sampling, confidence level, critical region, testing of hypothesis and standard error, large sample test and small sample test. Problems on test of		MB+SB
		significance, t-test, chi-square test for goodness of fit and analysis of variance (ANOVA)	12	
		UNIT-IV: Correlation and Regression. Emphasis on examples from Biological Sciences.		
Course category: MBBT 604(P) 2-credit Full marks:20	BIOSTATISTICS (PRACT)	 Practical Based on graphical Representation Practical Based on measures of Central Tendency & Dispersion Practical Based on Distributions Binomial Poisson Normal Practical Based on t, f, z and Chi-square 		MB+SB
Course category: MBBT 606(T) 4-credit Full marks :55 (Theory 40+Internal Assesment 10+Attendence	ENVIRONMENT AL BIOTECHNOLOG Y	UNIT-I: Conventional fuels and their environmental impact – Firewood, Plant, Animal, Water, Coal and Gas. Modern fuels and their environmental impact – Methanogenic bacteria, Biogas, Microbial hydrogen Production, Conversion of sugar to alcohol Gasohol.	15	AB+DM
05)		UNIT-II: Bioremediation of soil & water contaminated with oil spills, heavy metals and detergents. Degradation of lignin and cellulose using microbes. Phyto- remediation. Degradation of pesticides and other toxic chemicals by micro-organisms- degradation aromatic and	20	AB+DM AB+DM
		chlorinates hydrocarbons and petroleum products.	15	

		UNIT-III: Treatment of municipal		
		waste and Industrial effluents. Bio-		
		fertilizers Role of symbiotic and asymbiotic nitrogen fixing bacteria		AB+DM
		in the enrichment of soil. Algal and fungal biofertilizers (VAM).	10	
		UNIT-IV: Bioleaching, Enrichment of ores by microorganisms (Gold, Copper		
Course	ENVIRONMENT	and Oranium).		MB+BB
category:	AL	1. Calculation of Total Dissolved		
MBBT 606(P)	BIOTECHNOLOG	Solids (TDS) of water sample.		
2-credit Full marks:20	Y (PRACT)	2. Calculation of BOD of water sample.		
		3. Calculation of COD of water sample.		
		4. Bacterial Examination of Water by MPN Method.		

ACADEMIC CALENDAR : SESSION-JAN'25 - JUNE'25

Stream: Science

DISTRIBUTION OF COURSRS IN SEMESTER-VI (CBCS): JANUARY 2025 - JUNE 2025

DEPERTMENT OF : MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

Courses	Course title	Торіс	No .of	Teacher
			lectures	
			(inclusive of	
			Tutorials)	
Course	IMMUNOLOGY	UNIT-I: Immune system, Organs	15	AB
category:		and cells of immune system		
MBG 602(T)		Immunity, innate immune		
4-credit		mechanism Acquired immune		
Full marks :55		mechanism, Antigen, Antigenecity		
(Theory		(factors affecting antigenecity)		
40+Internal		Humoral immunity, main pathways		
Assesment		of complement system.		
10+Attendenc				
e 05)		UNIT-II: Antibody structure and	15	AB
		classes, Antibody diversity, Genes		
		of antibodies, Theories of formation		
		of antibodies.		
			15	DM
		UNIT-III: Cell mediated immunity:		

		TC mediated immunity, NK cell mediated immunity, ADCC, delayed type hypersensitivity, cytokines and		
		brief idea of MHC.		
			15	DM
		UNIT-IV: Hypersensitivity and		
		vaccination : General features of		
		hypersensitivity, various types of		
		hypersensitivity, Vaccination:		
		Concept of autoimmunity		
Course	IMMUNOLOGY			BB
category:	(PRACT)	1. Antigen – antibody reaction		
MBG 602(P)		assessment by (i) immunoddiffusion		
2 - credit		/ immunoblot /		
Full marks:20		immunoelectrophoresis.		
		2. Electrophoretic separation of serum protein.		
		3. Lymphoid organs and their microscopic organization.		
		4. Immunization, collection of serum		
		5. Ouchterloney immunodiffusion 6.		
		Radial immuno diffusion.		

- Dr. Bibhas Bhattacharyya- BB
- Dr. Abhishek Basu- AB

Ms. Debjani Mandal- DM

Mrs. Sayantani Basu - SB

Mrs. Manali Biswas- MB

SRIPAT SINGH COLLEGE JIAGANJ, MURSHIDABAD DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES IN **SEMESTER- II**, DECEMBER 2024-JUNE 2025 (SESSION 2024-2025)

NEP (Major & Minor)

COURSE	COURSE	TOPIC	NO OF	TEACHERS
	TITLE		LECTURES	
Paper 6: MAC	Introductory	Unit 1: National	16	AKC
2 (Major	Macroeconomics	Income Accounting,		
Course 2)	– 6 credits	unemployment and		
		open economy issues		
		Unit 2:		
		Income Determination	16	SKD
		In the short-run Unit 3: Money	20	
		Unit 4. Inflation	20	AKC
		Unit 5.	08	SKD
		Unemployment	05	AKC
Paper 7: MIC	Principles of	Unit 1: Introduction	02	SKD
21 (Paper 1,	Microeconomics	Unit 2: Presentation	02	SKD
Minor Course	– 4 credits	of Unit 3: Descriptive		
2)		Statistics		
		Unit 4: Index	05	
		Numbers	04	SKD
Paper 10:	Basic Statistics	Unit 1: Introduction	12	AKC
SEC 2 (Skill		Unit 2: Consumer	15	
Development		Theory		AKC
Course 2)		Unit 3: Production	15	AKC
		and Cost		
		Unit 4: Perfect	06	SKD
		Competition		

SRIPAT SINGH COLLEGE JIAGANJ, MURSHIDABAD DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS DISTRIBUTION OF COURSES IN **SEMESTER- VI**, DECEMBER 2024-JUNE 2025 (SESSION 2024-2025)

CBCS

CORE COURSE, SEC AND GE AND PCC

COLID		TODIC		
COUR	COURSE TITLE	TOPIC	NO OF	TEACHE
SE			LECTUR	RS
			ES	
FCON-H-	Indian Economy	1	02	AKC
CC-T-13		1. Economic Dovelonment since	02	AKC
CC-1-15				
		Independence		
				AKC
		2.	02	
		Population and Human	02	
		Development		
		3.		
		Growth and Distribution	02	AKC
		4		
		Fconomic Reforms in India	02	
			02	
ECON-H-	Development Economics	1.	02	SKD
CC-T-14		Meaning of Economic		
		Development		
		2.		SKD
		Stages of Development and	02	SKD
		Structural Change	02	
		3.		
		Population and Economic		SKD
		Development	02	
		Δ		
		T.	01	AVC
			01	AKC
		Role of capital and Labour in	01	
		Economic Development		AKC
		6.		AKC
		Poverty and Inequality	01	
			01	
ECON-H-	Economic Development	1.	02	
DSE-T-	and Policy in India - II	Agriculture: Policies and		AKC
3A		Performance		
		2		
		<i>–</i> .		AKC

		Industry: Policies and Performance 3. Foreign Trade: Trends and Policies	02 02	АКС
ECON-H- DSE-T- 4A	Dissertation	Issues pertaining to Indian economy and/or Global Economy in the present context or in the historical context.	04	SKD AKC
ECON— G-DSE-T- 3A	Economic Development and Policy in India - II	 Agriculture: Policies and Performance Industry: Policies and Performance Foreign Trade: Trends and Policies 	02 02 02	AKC SKD AKC
ECON— G-GE-T-2	Introductory Macroeconomics	 National Income Accounting, unemployment and open economy issues Money and Inflation 	02 02	AKC SKD
ECON— G-SEC-T- 04	 Introduction to Indian Public Finance 	 Concepts: Understanding Union Budget 	01 02	SKD AKC

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Department of Geography

Distribution of Courses in Semester –II (Major): January, 2025 to July, 2025

Course	Course title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
PAPER: II (Theory) CODE: GEOG-M-T-2 Total Marks: 75		UNIT I: POPULATION GEOGRAPHY 1. Development of Population Geography; Relation between Population Geography and	07	SM
Credits: 6 Course Evaluation: Semester End Examination (60		Demography 2. Determinants of Population Dynamics: Fertility, Mortality and Migration	06	SM
Marks) and Internal	ΥНЧ	3. Population Composition (Age- Sex and Occupational Structure)	04	SM
Assessment (15 Marks)	GEOGRA	4. Theories of population growth: Malthus and Marx; Demographic Transition Theory	08	SPM
	ENT (5. Migration: types, causes and	08	SPM
	ITLEMI	6. Population Policies (India and Sweden)	06	SPM
) SET	UNIT II: SETTLEMENT		
	N ANI	1. Development of Settlement Geography	04	BC
	TIO	2. Rural settlement: Site, situation, types and pattern	08	BC
	OPULA	3. Morphology of rural settlements: layout-internal and external	06	BC
	Ι	4. Urban settlements: Census definition, Urban agglomeration; Urban sprawl Bural urban	06	AD
		continuum, Rurban and Periurban 5. Urban morphology: Classical	06	AD
		Models of Burgess, Hoyt, Harris and Ullman 6. Central Place Theory and hierarchy of settlements	12	AD

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Distribution of Courses in Semester -II (Major) SEC-P-2: January, 2025 to July, 2025

Course	Course title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
Type: Skill Enhancement		1. Framing of relevant questionnaire/survey schedule for		
Course (SEC)		assessing the physical /cultural		
PAPER: II		/environment/socio-economic	04	SPM
(Practical)		components. A filled-in		
CODE: GEOG-		questionnaire used in the survey		
SEC-P-2		should be attached with the report		
Total Marks: 15		signed by the concerned teacher and the student		
Credits: 3	SK	2 Drawing of maps (hand-drawn)		
Course Evaluation:	ΙΟ	with suitable scale and latitude and	04	SM
Semester End	M	longitude.		
Examination (35	TLE	3. Preparation of charts/graphs in	06	AD
Marks) and	FIE	MS-Excel and duly labelled.		
Internal		4. The report should be typed in MS-		
Assessment (10 Morke)		Word. The font size is fixed at 12 in Times New Roman and the line	06	PC
warks)		spacing 1.5	00	ЪС
		5. Each field work should have a		
		certificate of authenticity duly		
		signed by the Field supervisor.		

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Distribution of Courses in Semester –II (Minor): January, 2025-July, 2025

Course	Course title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
PAPER: II (Theory) CODE: GEOG-MLT-2		1. Distribution and growth of population in India	02	SM
		2. Demographic Transition Theory	02	SM
COURSE TITLE: HUMAN GEOGRAPHY		3. Migration: Concept, types and causes	04	SM
Total Marks: 50 Credits: 4	λНα	4. Economic activities: Primary, Secondary and Tertiary	08	SPM
Course Evaluation: Semester End Examination (40	OGRAH	5. Types and patterns of rural settlements	08	SPM
Internal Assessment (10	AAN GE	6. Urban settlement: Census definition and characteristics	06	AD
Marks)	HUN	7. Functional classification of towns	04	AD
		8. Major ethnic groups in India: Santhal, Gond, Toda and Khasi	06	AD
		9. Concept of culture, Cultural hearths and Cultural diffusion	04	BC
		10. Human Development Index	02	BC

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Distribution of Courses in Semester -IV (Major): January, 2025 to July, 2025

Course	Course title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
PAPER: IV		UNIT I: CLIMATOLOGY		
(Theory) CODE:		1. Temperature: Horizontal and vertical		
GEOG-M-T-4		distribution; Heat budget of the	04	SM
		atmosphere; Inversion of temperature:	01	5111
COURSE TITLE.		types and causes	04	SM
CURSE IIILE.		2. Circulation in the Atmosphere:	04	5111
CLIMATOLOGI,		Planetary winds; Jet stream	06	
SUIL AND		3. Air mass and front: Origin,	00	CM
BIOGEOGRAPHY		characteristics and types		SM
		4. Monsoon Circulation and Mechanism		
Total Marks: 75	\sim	with reference to India		
Credits: 6	H	5. Condensation: Processes and forms;	04	SPM
Course Evaluation:	N	Mechanism of precipitation: Bergeron-		
Semester End	R	Findeisen Theory, Collision and	04	SPM
Examination (60	S S	coalescence; Forms of precipitation		
Marks) and	EC	6. Concept of climate change; Climatic		
Internal	5	Classification after Köppen and		
Assessment (15	OI	Thornthwaite (1931 and 1948)	08	SPM
Marks)) B	UNIT II: SOIL AND	00	
ivitut his)	Z	BIOGEOGRAPHY		
	A	1 Factors of soil formation: Concept of	04	PC
		soil profile: origin and profile	04	BC
	20	characteristics of Laterite. Podzol and		
	Κ,	Chernozem soils		
	5	2. Physical and chemical properties of	0.4	DG
	Q	soil: Texture, structure and moisture, pH,	04	BC
	ΙΟ	organic matter and NPK		
	T	3. Principles of soil classification:		
	M	Genetic and USDA. Concept of land	04	BC
		capability and its classification		
	C	4. Concepts of ecology, biosphere,		
		ecosystem, biome, ecotone, community;	04	AD
		Energy flow in ecosystems		
		5. Geographical extent and characteristic		
		features of Tropical rain forest, Taiga	06	AD
		and Grassland biomes		
		6. Bio-geochemical cycles with special		
		reference to carbon dioxide and nitrogen;	04	BC
		Bio-diversity: Definition, types, threats	04	DC
		and conservation measures		

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Department of Geography

Distribution of Courses in Semester -IV (Major) : January, 2025 to July, 2025

Course	Course title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
PAPER: V (Practical) CODE: GEOG-		1. Construction of Scales: Linear, Comparative, Diagonal and Vernier	06	BC
M-P-5 COURSE	YING	2. Representation of Data on Map by Proportional Circles, Dots and Spheres, Isolpleth and Choropleth methods	04	BC
CARTOGRAPHI C TECHNIQUES AND	ID SURVE	3. Diagrammatic Representation of Data: Bar and Age-sex Pyramid Diagram, Pie Diagram	08	SPM
Total Marks: 75 Credits: 6	HQUES AN	4. Preparation and Interpretation of Climograph, Taylor Hythergraph and Ergograph	08	SPM
Semester End Examination (50+10* = 60)	TECHN	5. Measures of Concentration: Location Quotient	06	SM
Marks) and Internal Assessment (15	RAPHIC	6. Proximity Analysis: Nearest Neighbour Analysis	04	SM
Marks) *Laboratory Note Book + Viva-voce: 5+5 = 10	CARTOG	7. Traversing by Prismatic Compass and Dumpy Level Surveying with One Change Point (profile drawing and contouring)	08	AD
		8. Determination of height of objects by Transit Theodolite (level ground base accessible case)	04	AD

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Department of Geography

Distribution of Courses in Semester -IV (NEP - Minor): January, 2025 to July,

Course	Course title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
Type: Minor PAPER: II (Theory)		1. Distribution and growth of population in India	04	BC
COURSE CODE: GEOG- MI-T-2		2. Demographic Transition Theory	04	BC
COURSE TITLE:	Work	3. Migration: Concept, types and causes	04	SM
HUMAN GEOGRAPHY	d Field	4. Economic activities: Primary, Secondary and Tertiary	08	SM
Total Marks: 50 Credits: 4 Course	logy an	5. Types and patterns of rural settlements	06	SM
Evaluation: Semester End Examination (40 Marks) and	Methodol	6. Urban settlement: Census definition and characteristics	06	SPM
Internal Assessment (10	arch	7. Functional classification of towns	04	SPM
Marks)	Rese	8. Major ethnic groups in India: Santhal, Gond, Toda and Khasi	04	SPM
		9. Concept of culture, Cultural hearths and Cultural diffusion	04	AD
		10. Human Development Index	02	AD

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Department of Geography

Distribution of Courses in Semester -VI: Jan, 2025 to July, 2025

Core Course (CC) CBCS

Course	Course title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
GEO/H/CC/T/1		Unit-I: Nature of Pre Modern		
3: (Theory):		Geography		
· · · ·		1. Development of Geography and	04	SPM
Evolution of		contributions of Greek, Chinese and Indian		
Geographical		geographers		
Thoughts		2. Impact of 'Dark Age' on Geography and	04	SPM
		Arab contributions	•	~~~~
6 Credits		3. Geography during the Age of 'Discovery'		
		and 'Exploration' (Contributions of	04	SPM
		Portuguese Voyages, Columbus, Vasco da	0.	
		4 Transition from Cosmography to		
		Scientific Geography (Contributions of	04	SPM
	ts.	Bernard Varenius and Immanuel Kant):		
	ghi	Dualism and Dichotomies (General vs.		
	no	Particular, Physical Vs. Human, Regional		
	dT h	vs. Systematic, Determinism vs.Possibilism,		
	al	Ideographic vs. Nomothetic)		
	phid	Unit-II: Foundations of Modern		
	gra	Geography and Recent Trends		
	603	Geography and Recent Frends	0.4	CM
	fG	1. Evolution of Geographical thoughts in	04	SIM
	jo u	Germany, France, Britain and United States		
	ioi	of America	04	CM
	lut	2. Contributions of Humbolt and Ritter	04	SM
	[v0	3. Contributions of Ratzel, Richthofen and	02	SM
	H	Hettner	0.4	CM
		4. Schools of Geographical thought: French,	04	SM
		5 Trends of Geography in the post World	06	SМ
		War-II period	00	31/1
		6. Evolution of Geographical thought in	06	SDM
		India	00	SEM
		7. Quantitative Revolution and its impact;	04	SDM
		the perspectives of Behaviouralism,	04	SEM
		Systems approach, Radicalism and		
		Feminism in Geography	06	SDM
		8. Towards Post Modernism: Changing	00	SEM
		concept of space in Geography; Geography		
		in the 21st Century		

Jiaganj, Murshidabad

Department of Geography

Distribution of Courses in Semester -VI: Jan, 2025 to July, 2025

Core Course (CC) CBCS

Course	Course title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
CC14: Disaster		Unit-I: Concepts		
Management				
6 Credits		1. Classification of Hazards and	02	SM
GEO/H/CC/T/14		2 Approaches to bazard study: Risk	04	SM
• (Theory)•		perception and vulnerability	04	5111
· (Incory).		assessment: Hazard paradigms		
Disaster		3. Responses to hazards and disasters:	04	SM
Management	hy	Preparedness, trauma and aftermath;		
4 Credits	rap	Resilience and capacity building	04	SM
	[<u>6</u> 0	4. Hazards mapping: Data and		
	Ge	techniques		
	an	Unit II: Disastar Casa Studios		
	Urb	1 Earthquake: Factors vulnerability	02	SPM
	-	consequences and management	02	
		2. Landslide: Factors, vulnerability,	04	SPM
		consequences and management		
		3. Cyclone: Factors, vulnerability,	02	SPM
		consequences and management	0.4	
		4. Fire: Factors, vulnerability,	04	SPM
		consequences and management		
GEO/H/CC/P/14		PROJECT REPORT	08	SM &
: (Practical):				SPM
Disaster				
Management				
2 Credits				

Jiaganj, Murshidabad

Department of Geography

Distribution of Courses in Semester -VI: Jan, 2025 to July, 2025

DSE (Discipline Specific Elective)

CBCS CBCS

Course	Course title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
GEO/H/DSE/T/0		Unit-I		
3/B: (Theory)				
		1. Natural Resources: Concept and		
Discipline		Classification	06	BC
Specific Elective		2. Approaches to resource utilisation		
(DSE):		:Utilitarian, conservational, community	06	BC
DODINA		based adaptive	0.4	DC
DSE/03:		3. Conservation of Natural Resources –	04	BC
Deserves		A problems of recourse doubtion	04	DC
Resource		4. Problems of resource depletion -	04	BC
Geography	hy	fuels)		
6 Credits	grap	Tuers		
	Geog	Unit-II		
	ource	1. Distribution, Utilisation, Problems and Management of Metallic	02	AD
	eso	Resources: Iron ore. Bauxite		
	2	2. Distribution, Utilisation, Problems	04	AD
		and Management of Non-Metallic		
		Mineral Resources: Mica, Gypsum		
		3. Problems and Management of	04	AD
		Energy Resources: Conventional and		
		non-conventional		
		4. Contemporary Energy Crisis and	02	AD
		Future Scenario	02	15
		5. Limits to Growth and Sustainable	02	AD
		use of Resources: Health and		
		Unemployment		

Jiaganj, Murshidabad

Department of Geography

Distribution of Courses in Semester -VI: Jan, 2025 to July, 2025

DSE (Discipline Specific Elective)

CBCS CBCS

Course	Course title	Торіс	No. of Lectures	Teachers
DSE/04: Soil and		1. Factors of soil formation: Man as an		
Bio Geography		active agent of soil transformation	06	BC
or Agricultural		2. Concept of soil profile: origin and		
Geography		profile characteristics of Lateritic.	06	BC
0Bb		Podzol and Chernozem soils	00	20
6 Credits		3. Definition and significance of soil properties: Texture, structure and	04	BC
GEO/H/DSE/T/0		moisture		
4/A: (Theory):		4. Definition and significance of soil properties: pH, organic matter and	04	BC
Soil and Bio		NPK		
Geography	yı	5. Soil erosion and degradation: Factors, processes and mitigation	02	BC
	ce Geograpl	 measures 6. Principles of soil classification: Genetic and USDA. Concept of land capability and its classification 7. Concepts of acology, biosphere 	04	AD
	esoure	ecosystem, biome, ecotone, community 8 Concept of trophic structure, food	04	AD
	Ř	chain and food web; Energy flow in ecosystems	02	AD
		9. Geographical extent and characteristic features of Tropical rain	02	AD
		forest, Taiga and Grassland biomes 10. Bio-geochemical cycles with special reference to carbon dioxide and nitrogen	04	AD
		11. Deforestation: Causes, consequences and management	04	AD
		12. Bio-diversity: Definition, types, threats and conservation measures	04	AD

Department of Computer Science Academic Calendar Session: January-June, 2025

Semester: IV, Computer Science Major (NEP)

Courses	Course Title	Торіс	Concern Teacher	Number of
	Data Structura	Basic definitions: classifications: ADT: Linear Data		Lecture
C3-IVIJ-1-4	Data Structure	<u>Basic delinitions</u> , classifications, ADT, Linear Data	DD	21
9 .	(Lab works to	data structures- representations, Non- infeat	DD	ZL
Q	Lab works to	Arraya Single and Multi dimonsional Arraya Sparse		
		Arrays Single and Work-unitensional Arrays, Sparse		
C3-1VIJ-P-4	Topics)	major and column-major order; different	UD	4L
		applications		
		Stacks Implementing single / multiple stack/s in an		
		Array; Prefix, Infix and Postfix expressions, Utility		
		and conversion of these expressions from one to	BB	61
		another; Evaluation of postfix expression using	00	UL
		stack; Applications of stack; Limitations of Array		
		representation of stack 6		
		Linked Lists Singly, Doubly and Circular Lists (Array		
		and Linked representation); Normal and Circular		
		representation of Stack in Lists; Self Organizing Lists;	סוו	101
		Skip Lists	00	101
		Queues Array and Linked representation of Queue,		
		De-queue, Priority Queues		
		<u>Recursion</u> Developing Recursive Definition of Simple		
		Problems and their implementation; Advantages		
		and Limitations of Recursion; Understanding what	BB	41
		goes behind Recursion (Internal Stack		. =
		Implementation); Tail Recursion; When not to use		
		recursion; Removal of recursion.		
		<u>Trees and Graphs</u> Introduction to Tree as a data		
		structure; Binary Irees (Insertion, Deletion ,		
		Recursive and Iterative Traversals on Binary Search		
		Trees); Different properties of Binary trees;		101
		Inreaded Binary Trees (Insertion, Deletion,	UD	10L
		Iraversals); Height-Balanced Irees (Various		
		operations on AVL Trees); B- tree, B+ tree; Graphs		
		Representations, Bredutininst and Depth-TIPSt		
		Searching and Sorting Linear Search Dinany Search		
		Comparison of Linear and Binary Soarchy Bubble		
		Sort Selection Sort Insertion Sort Hear Sort	BB	101
		Merge Sort Radiy Sort Rucket Sort Chall Sort	00	TOL
		Comparison of Sorting Techniques		
		Hashing Introduction to Hashing Deleting from		
		Hash Table Efficiency of Rehash Methods Hash		
		Table Reordering Resolving collision by Open		
		Addressing, Coalesced Hashing, Separate Chaining	UD	4L
		Dynamic and Extendible Hashing. Choosing a Hash		
		Function, Perfect Hashing Function		
		File Structures Sequential and Direct Access		
		Relative Files, Indexed Files- B+ tree as index. Multi-	BB	4L
		indexed Files, Inverted Files, Hashed Files.		

Semester: IV, Computer Science Major (NEP)

Courses	Course Title	Торіс	Concern Teacher	Number of Lecture
CS-MJ-T-5	Discrete Mathematics	Introduction: Sets- finite and Infinite sets, uncountably Infinite Sets; functions, relations, Properties of Binary Relations, Closure, Partial Ordering Relations; counting- Pigeonhole Principle, Permutation and Combination; Mathematical Induction, Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion.	BB	15L
		<u>Growth of Functions</u> : Asymptotic Notations, Summation formulas and properties, Bounding Summations, approximation by Integrals	UD	12L
		Recurrences: Recurrence Relations, generating functions, Linear Recurrence Relations with constant coefficients and their solution, Substitution Method, Recurrence Trees, Master Theorem	BB UD	7L 3L
		. <u>Graph Theory</u> Basic Terminology, Models and Types, multigraphs and weighted graphs, Graph Representation, Graph Isomorphism, Connectivity, Euler and Hamiltonian Paths and Circuits, Planar Graphs, Graph Coloring, Trees, Basic Terminology and properties of Trees, Introduction to Spanning Trees	UD	15L
		Propositional Logic Logical Connectives, Well- formed Formulas, Tautologies, Equivalences, Inference Theory	BB	8L

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

5th Semester Syllabus distribution for the academic year 2024-2025

PCC

	COURSE			
Teachers' Name	DSE-L-501A	DSE-P-501A	SEC-P-503	
Teachers' Name	DSE-L-501AAlgorithmDesign Techniques: Iterative techniques, Divide and Conquer, Dynamic Programming, Greedy Algorithms.Sorting Techniques: Elementary techniques-Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Merge Sort, Advanced Sorting techniques- Heap Sort, Quick Sort, Sorting in Linear Time-Bucket Sort, Radix Sort and Count SortComplexity Analysis: Medians & Order Statistics.Data Structures: 1.Queues :-Array and Linked representation of Queue, De- queue, Priority Queues 2. Linked Lists :-Singly, Doubly and Circular Lists, representation of Stack and Queue as Linked Lists. 3. Recursion :-Developing Recursive Definition of Simple Problems and their implementation; Advantages and Limitations of Recursion;	COORSE DSE-P-501A 1. Implement Insertion Sort (The program should report the number of comparisons) 2. Implement Merge Sort(The program should report the number of comparisons) 3. Implement Heap Sort (The program should report the number of comparisons) 4. Implement Randomized Quick sort (The program should report the number of comparisons) 5. Implement Radix Sort.	 SEC-P-503 GUI Environment: Introduction to graphical user interface (GUI), programming language (procedural, object oriented, event driven), the GUI environment, compiling, debugging, and running the programs. Operations: Data types, constants, named & intrinsic, declaring variables, scope of variables, val function, arithmetic operations, formatting data. Forms Handling : Multiple forms creating, adding, removing forms in project, hide, show method, load, unload statement, me keyword, referring to objects on a different forms. Software Lab Based on Visual Basic: 1. Write a VB application to compute the sum of two variables. Write a VB application to compute the factorial of a number n. Write a VB application to compute the series of prime numbers till number n. Write a VB application to compute the maximum of three numbers. 6. Write a VB application to compute the sum of odd 	
		00	of n integers. 7. Write a VB application to	
		99	compare the strings.	

	Introduction	1. Implement Searching	Controls :
	Basic Design and Analysis	Techniques	Introduction to controls
	techniques of Algorithms,	-	textboxes, frames, check
	Correctness of Algorithm	2. Implementation of	boxes, option buttons,
		Recursive function.	images, setting borders and
	Searching Techniques:		styles, the shape control,
	Linear and Binary search	3. Array and Linked list	the line control, working
		implementation of Stack	with multiple controls and
	Data Structures:	and Queue.	their properties, designing
	1. Arrays:- Single and Multi-	4 Implementation of	accoss tab controls default
	dimensional Arrays, Sparse	Single. Double and	& cancel property coding
	Matrices	circular Linked List	for controls.
	2 Stacks: Implementing		
	2. Stacks Implementing	15. Creation and traversal	Decision Making :
	list. Prefix. Infix and Postfix	of Binary Search Tree.	If statement, comparing
	expressions, Utility and		strings, compound
	conversion of these		conditions (and, or, not),
	expressions from one to		nested if statements, case
	another;		structure, using if
			buttons & chock boxos
	3. Trees :-Introduction to Tree		displaying message in
	Trees Binary Search Tree		message box. testing
	(Creation and Traversals of		whether input is valid or
	Binary Search Trees)		not.
ΠΤSAB DAΤΤΑ			
UTSAD DATTA			Iteration Handling:
			Do/loops, for/next loops,
			using msgbox function,
			using string function.
			Software Lab Based on
			Visual Basic:
			1. Write a VB application to
			make a calculator.
			2. Write a VB application to
			choose your hobbies from a
			list.
			illustrate the use of colour
			radio button.
			4. Write a VB application to
			illustrate the use of colour
			scroll bar form.
			J. WITLE a VB application to
			scroll bar label text.
			6. Write a VB application to
			illustrate the use of colour
			text box.
			7. Write a VB application to
			snow a timer.

Department of Environmental Science

Distribution of Courses in Semester -III: From January, 2025 to June, 2025

Course	Course title	Topic	No. of	Teachers
			Lectures	
MAJOR	Environmental	Unit 1:Introduction	08	AK
(Code- FNVS-M-2)	Pollution &	Unit 2: Air Pollution		4.77
(Couc- Livy 5-101-2)	Mitigation	Unit 3: Water	08	AK
FULL MADIZO, 75	0	Pollution	08	AK
FULL MARKS: 75 Semester End Exam 40		Unit 4: Soli Pollution	08	AK
Practical-20		Unit 5: Noise	00	
Internal Assessment-15		Pollution	08	
		Unit 6: Radioactive		AK
		Pollution	08	RP
		Unit 7: Marine		14
		Pollution	08	RP
		Unit 8: pollution	00	
		control	08	RP
		Unit 9: Environmental	05	RP
		disasters		14
		ENVS-M-2-P	06	AK & RP
		(PRACTICAL)		
MINOR	Environmental	Unit 1: Air Pollution	08	AK
Codo	Pollution	Unit 2: Water	09	AK
		Pollution	0.0	
ENVS-MI-Course I		Unit 3: Soil Pollution	08	٨V
		Unit 4: Solid &	00	RP
FULL MARKS: 50		Hazardous Waste		
Semester End Exam-40		Unit 5: Noise	09	
Internal Assessment-10		Pollution &		RP
		Radioactive Pollution		
			08	
		Unit 6: PRACTICAL		AK&RP

Department of Environmental Science

Distribution of Courses in Semester -II: From January, 2025 to June, 2025

SEC (Skilled Enhancement Course) NEP -2020 (SESSION 2024-2025)

Course	Course title	Topic	No. of	Teachers
			Lectures	
SEC	SOIL QUALITY	Unit 1: Soil sampling	16	AK
(Code: ENVS-SEC-2-P)	ANALYSIS &	Techniques	1.0	
(NOISE	Unit 2:	Τ6	חת
FULL MARKS: 45	MONITORING	Physicochemical		RP
Semester End Exam-35		analysis soil &		
Internal Assessment-10		sediment	16	
		Unit 3: Measurement		AK
		of sound quality &	0.0	
		noise level. Lea	02	
		Unit 4: Field visit		
				AK &KP

Department of Environmental Science

Distribution of Courses in Semester -IV (Major): From January, 2025 to June, 2025

Course	Course title	Topic	No. of	Teachers
			Lectures	
MAJOR	Fundamentals	Unit 1: Fundamentals	09	AK
(Code- ENVS-M-4)	of	of environmental	10	٨V
(Environmental	chemistry	10	AK
FULL MARKS: 75	Chemistry &	Unit 2: Chemistry of		
Semester End Exam-40+	Environmental	environmental	10	AK
15(Internal Assessment)-55	Physics	pollutants		
Practical-20		Unit 3: Atmospheric	09	AK
		Unit 4. Water	00	
		chemistry	09	RP
		Unit 5. Soil chemistry	10	סס
		Unit 6: Fundamentals		Kſ
		of environmental		
		physics	09	RP
		Unit 7: Movements of		
		pollutants in		
		environment	09	AK & RP
		Unit-8:ENVS-M-4-P (PRACTICAL)		
MAJOR	Environmental	Unit 1: Introduction	09	AK
(Code- FNVS-M-5)	Toxicology &	to environmental		
(Couc- En (S-M-5)	Health	toxicology	10	AK
EIIII MADUS. 75		Unit 2: Toxicity of		
Semester End Exam-40+		heavy metls &	10	AK
15(Internal Assessment)-55		metalloids		
Practical-20		Unit 3: Pesticide	09	ΔΚ
		toxicity		mx
		Unit 4: Emerging	09	RP
		Contaminants	10	
		enidemiology	10	RP
		Unit 6. Environmental		
		health	09	RP
		Unit 7: Practical		
		ENVS-M-5-P (PRACTICAL)	09	AK & RP

Department of Environmental Science

Distribution of Courses in Semester –IV (MINOR): From January, 2025 to June, 2025 NEP -2020 (SESSION 2024-2025)

Course	Course title	Topic	No. of Lectures	Teachers
MINOR	Basics of	Unit 1: Levels of	09	AK
Code- FNVS-MI-course 2	Biodiversity	organization in	09	AK
		living world	08	
FULL MADIZE. 50		Unit 2: Introduction	09	AK
FULL MARKS: 50 Semester End Exam-40		to biodiversity		RP
Internal Assessment-10		Unit 3: Threats to		
		biodiversity	08	
		Unit 4: Biodiversity		RP
		conservation	07	
		Unit 5: Practical		AK&RP

Department of Environmental Science

Distribution of Courses in Semester -VI: From January, 2025 to June, 2025

CBCS

Core Course (CC)

Course	Course title	Topic	No. of	Teachers
		_	Lectures	
CORE COURSE 13	Environmental	Unit 1: Introduction	12	AK
(Code: UG-ENVS-	legislation &	Unit 2: History of	12	RP
$H_{\rm CC}(13)$	Policy	environmental		
II-CC-15)		legislation & policy	12	AK
FULL MARKS: 75		Unit 3: Environmental		
Semester End Exam-40		legislation	12	
Practical-20		Unit 4: Legislative	10	AK
Internal Assessment-10 (test		instruments	12	
exam)+5(attendance)=15		Unit-5: Government	12	RP
		institutions	12	14
		Unit 6: Case studies		RP
		Unit 7: International		
		laws & policy	0.8	AK
		UG-ENVS-H-CC-P -		AK
		13 (Practical)		
		Unit 1. Introduction	0.9	ΔK
CORECOURSE 14		Unit 2: Environment	0.5	mx
(Code: UG-ENVS-	Urban Ecosystem	in an urban setting	11	
H-CC-14)		III all ulball Setting	10	AK
		Unit 4: Urban interface	1.0	RP
FULL MARKS: 75		with the environment	ΤŪ	סס
Semester End Exam-40		Unit 5: Natural spaces	11	Kſ
Practical-20		in a gity		
Internal Assessment-10 (test		III a City	09	AK
exam)+5(attendance)=15		onvironmental		
		management		RP
		management	06	
		UG_FNVS_H_CC_P		
		14 (Practical)		RP

Department of Environmental Science

Distribution of Courses in Semester -VI: From January, 2025 to June, 2025

CBCS

DSE (Discipline Specific Elective)

Course	Course title	Topic	No. of	Teachers
		_	Lectures	
DISCIPLINE	Natural Hazards & Disaster management	Unit 1: Introduction	08	RP
SPECIFIC		Unit 2: Natural	08	KP
ELECTIVE 03a		Hazards	08	
(Code: UG-ENVS-		Unit 3: Anthropogenic		AK
		Hazards	09	A TZ
H-DSE -05a)				AK
FIIII MADES. 75		vuinerability	09	
Semester End Exam-40		assessment		
Practical-20		Drenardness	09	AK
Internal Assessment-10 (test		I I cparuness Unit 6. disaater		חח
exam)+5(attendance)=15		management in India		KP
		management in mula		
			0.0	
			00	
		UG-ENVS-H-DSE-P -		
		03a (Practical)		AK
DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE 04 (Code: UG-ENVS-H-DSE- 04) FULL MARKS: 75 Semester End Exam-40 Practical-20 Internal Assessment-10 (test exam)+5(attendance)=15	DISSERTATION	A dissertation has to be prepared on consultation with teachers/mentors on a topic from any area of Environmental Science. During examination a thorough viva-voce will be conducted by the examiners / adjudicators. The dissertation will be evaluated on the basis of written documents submitted by the candidate, originality and importance.	Two months to Three months	AK
		A power point presentation has to be prepared and a short oral presentation will be considered for continuous evaluation. A PDF file/print copy of the power point will be required to be submitted.	15 DAYS TO 20 DAYS	AK & RP